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Auditors' Report to the Directors

We have audited the annexed statement of financial position of **Citibank N.A. – Pakistan Branches** ("the Bank") as at 31 December 2016 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof (here-in-after referred to as the 'financial statements') for the year then ended, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Bank's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 (LVII of 1962), and the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984). Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and after due verification, which in the case of loans and advances covered more than 60% of the total loans and advances of the bank, we report that:

- a) in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Bank as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984);
- b) in our opinion:
 - the statement of financial position and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 (LVII of 1962), and the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984), and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
 - ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Bank's business; and
 - iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Bank and the transactions of the Bank which have come to our notice have been within the powers of the Bank;

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., a Partnership firm registered in Pakistan and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG international Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity.



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 (LVII of 1962), and the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984), in the manner so required and give a true and fair view of the state of the Bank's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and its true balance of profit, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and

d) in our opinion Zakat deductible at source, under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Bank and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

Date: 30 March 2017

Karachi

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KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants Amir Jamil Abbasi

Citibank, N.A. - Pakistan Branches (Incorporated In The U.S.A. The Liability of Members Being Limited) Statement of Financial Position *As at 31 December 2016*

	Note	2016 2015 (Rupees in '000)	
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with treasury banks	6	5,480,867	4,809,308
Balances with other banks	7	1,542,895	704,912
Lendings to financial institutions	8	13,325,003	8,464,057
Investments - net	9	66,676,243	48,585,117
Advances - net	10	21,421,510	21,389,597
Fixed assets	11	579,296	458,331
Deferred tax assets - net	12	133,999	201,088
Other assets	13	2,890,571	4,031,075
	-	112,050,384	88,643,485
LIABILITIES			
Bills payable	15	2,524,303	1,766,257
Borrowings from financial institutions	16	18,394,904	7,003,479
Deposits and other accounts	17	75,076,382	61,742,683
Sub-ordinated loans		-	-
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		-	-
Deferred tax liabilities		-	-
Other liabilities	18	5,834,617	7,364,498
	E	101,830,206	77,876,917
NET ASSETS	-	10,220,178	10,766,568
REPRESENTED BY			
Head office capital account	19	6,812,671	6,812,671
Reserves		168,704	164,791
Unremitted profit	_	3,174,345	3,602,788
	_	10,155,720	10,580,250
Surplus on revaluation of assets - net of tax	20	64,458	186,318
	=	10,220,178	10,766,568
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	21		

The annexed notes 1 to 43 and Annexures I and II form an integral part of these financial statements.

Citibank, N.A. - Pakistan Branches (Incorporated In The U.S.A. The Liability of Members Being Limited) Profit and Loss Account For the year ended 31 December 2016

	Note	2016	2015
		(Rupees in	(000)
Mark-up / return / interest earned	23	5,719,091	5,961,665
Mark-up / return / interest expensed	24	2,894,239	2,347,225
Net mark-up / return / interest income	-	2,824,852	3,614,440
(Reversal) / provision against loans and advances - net	10.3	(84,686)	(175,184)
Bad debts (recovered) / written off directly	10.4	-	-
Provision against off-balance sheet obligations - net	18.3	-	652
	_	(84,686)	(174,532)
Net mark-up / interest income after provisions		2,909,538	3,788,972
NON MARK-UP / INTEREST INCOME			
Fee, commission and brokerage income	Г	816,831	471,785
Income from dealing in foreign currencies	25	1,837,474	1,156,910
Gain on sale of securities	26	1,528,416	2,119,939
Unrealised gain / (loss) on revaluation of			
investments classified as held for trading		(7,202)	(357,666)
Other income / (loss)	27	182,310	471,884
Total non mark-up / interest income - net		4,357,829	3,862,852
	-	7,267,367	7,651,824
NON MARK-UP / INTEREST EXPENSE		.,, ,	.,
Administrative expenses	28	1,979,939	1,930,627
Reversal of provision against appreciation / diminution in the value of			_,,
non-banking assets - net	13.3	-	(987)
Operating fixed assets written off		-	-
Other charges	29	95,999	63,077
Total non mark-up / interest expenses - net		2,075,938	1,992,717
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	-	5,191,429	5,659,107
Taxation	30		
- Current	50	1,685,316	1,764,758
- Prior years		160,000	80,000
- Deferred		145,008	205,125
	L	1,990,324	2,049,883
	_		
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION	=	3,201,105	3,609,224

The annexed notes 1 to 43 and Annexures I and II form an integral part of these financial statements.

NADEEM LODHI Managing Director and Citi Country Officer

Citibank, N.A. - Pakistan Branches (Incorporated In The U.S.A. The Liability of Members Being Limited) Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31 December 2016

	2016 2015 (Rupees in '000)	
Profit after taxation for the year	3,201,105	3,609,224
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss		
Components of comprehensive income reflected in equity		
 Remeasurements of defined benefit plan Deferred tax asset / (liability) on remeasurements of defined benefit plan 	(41,169) 14,409 (26,760)	(9,902) 3,466 (6,436)
Comprehensive income transferred to equity	3,174,345	3,602,788
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss		
Components of comprehensive income not reflected in equity		
 Surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of available for sale securities Deferred tax (liability) / asset on revaluation of available for sale securities 	(187,477) 65,617 (121,860)	(495,484) 173,419 (322,065)
	3,052,485	3,280,723

The annexed notes 1 to 43 and Annexures I and II form an integral part of these financial statements.

NADEEM LODHI Managing Director and Citi Country Officer GULZEB KHAN Chief Financial Officer

Citibank, N.A. - Pakistan Branches (Incorporated In The U.S.A. The Liability of Members Being Limited) Cash Flow Statement For the year ended 31 December 2016

Ν	Note	2016 (Rupees in	2015 n ' 000)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before taxation		5 101 420	5,659,107
		5,191,429	5,659,107
Adjustments for non cash and other items:			
Depreciation		128,142	71,782
Amortisation		-	165
Reversal of provision against loans and advances		(84,686)	(175,184)
Unrealised (gain) / loss on revaluation of investments classified as held for trading		7,202	357,666
Bad debts written off directly		-	-
Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets		(2,370)	(3,726)
Charge for defined benefit plan		38,504	47,908
Reversal of provision against diminution in the value of non-banking assets		-	(987)
Provision against off-balance sheet obligations		-	652
Operating fixed assets written off		-	-
		<u> </u>	298,276
(Increase) / decrease in operating assets		5,278,221	5,957,383
Lendings to financial institutions		(4,860,946)	(5,637,576)
Investments - Held for trading securities		(15,104,724)	3,503,576
Advances		52,773	6,981,177
Other assets		517,432	786,831
		(19,395,465)	5,634,008
Increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities			
Bills payable		758,046	201,513
Borrowings from financial institutions		11,301,259	(6,532,655)
Deposits and other accounts		13,333,699	13,598,694
Other liabilities		(1,477,022)	360,661
		23,915,982	7,628,213
		9,798,738	19,219,604
Contribution to gratuity fund		(46,735)	(65,326)
Income tax paid		(1,104,594)	(758,522)
Remittances made during the year on account of head office expenses		(197,427)	-
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities		8,449,982	18,395,756
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Net investments in available for sale securities		(3,181,081)	(13,615,306)
Investments in operating fixed assets		(250,277)	(13,013,500) (181,573)
Sale proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		3,540	10,175
Net cash generated from investing activities		(3,427,818)	(13,786,704)
		(0,127,010)	(12,700,701)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Profit repatriated to head office during the year		(3,602,788)	(3,056,648)
Net cash used in financing activities		(3,602,788)	(3,056,648)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		1,419,376	1,552,404
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		5,514,220	3,961,816
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	31	6,933,596	5,514,220

The annexed notes 1 to 43 and Annexures I and II form an integral part of these financial statements.

NADEEM LODHI Managing Director and **Citi Country Officer**

GULZEB KHAN Chief Financial Officer

Citibank, N.A. - Pakistan Branches (Incorporated In The U.S.A. The Liability of Members Being Limited) Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 31 December 2016

	Head office capital account	Unremitted profit	Share based payment contribution reserve by the ultimate holding company in '000)	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2015	6,812,671	3,056,648	156,327	10,025,646
Dalance as at Sandary 1, 2015	0,012,071	5,050,040	150,527	10,023,040
Profit for the year ended December 31, 2015	-	3,609,224	-	3,609,224
Other comprehensive income for the year				
Remeasurements of defined benefit plan	-	(9,902)	-	(9,902)
Tax on remeasurements of defined benefit plan	-	3,466	-	3,466
Transactions with owners	-	(6,436)	-	(6,436)
Contribution by the head office in respect of share based payments			25,418	25,418
Recharged balance payable to the head office for share based payments	-	-	(25,418)	(25,418)
Effect of re-measurement of cost under share based payment - net of tax	-	-	8,464	8,464
	-	-	8,464	8,464
Profit remittance made to head office	-	(3,056,648)	-	(3,056,648)
Balance as at December 31, 2015	6,812,671	3,602,788	164,791	10,580,250
Profit for the year ended December 31, 2016	-	3,201,105	-	3,201,105
Other comprehensive income for the year				
Remeasurements of defined benefit plan	-	(41,169)	-	(41,169)
Tax on remeasurements of defined benefit plan	-	14,409	-	14,409
	-	(26,760)	-	(26,760)
Transactions with owners				
Contribution / (reversal) by the head office in respect of share based payments	-	-	13,483	13,483
Recharged balance (payable) / receivable to the head office for share based payments	-	-	(13,483)	(13,483)
Effect of re-measurement of cost under share based payment - net of tax	-	-	3,913	3,913
	-	-	3,913	3,913
Profit remittance made to head office	-	(3,602,788)	-	(3,602,788)
Balance as at December 31, 2016	6,812,671	3,174,345	168,704	10,155,720
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The annexed notes 1 to 43 and Annexures I and II form an integral part of these financial statements.

NADEEM LODHI Managing Director and Citi Country Officer GULZEB KHAN Chief Financial Officer

Citibank, N.A. - Pakistan Branches (Incorporated In The U.S.A. The Liability of Members Being Limited) Notes to and Forming Part of the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2016

1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Citibank, N.A. - Pakistan Branches (the Bank) operates as a branch of Citibank, N.A. which is a foreign banking company incorporated and domiciled in the U.S.A. with limited liability and is a member of Citigroup Inc., which is the ultimate holding company.

The Bank is engaged in banking business as described in the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962. Its principal office is at AWT Plaza, I. I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi. At December 31, 2016, the Bank operated through 3 branches (December 31, 2015: 3 branches) in Pakistan.

Credit ratings assigned to Citigroup Inc. and Citibank, N.A., by Moody's Investor Services are as follows:

	Long-term senior debt	Short-term debt
Citigroup Inc. Citibank, N.A.	Baa1 A1	P-2 P-1
Christiank, 14.74.	711	1 - 1

2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

In accordance with the directives of the Federal Government regarding the shifting of the banking system to the Islamic modes, the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) has issued various circulars from time to time. Permissible forms of trade related modes of financing include purchase of goods by the Bank from its customers and immediate resale to them at appropriate mark-up in price on deferred payment basis. The purchases and sales arising under these arrangements are not reflected in these financial statements as such but are restricted to the amount of facility actually utilised and the appropriate portion of mark-up thereon.

3 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

- **3.1** These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) and the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP). Wherever the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 or the directives issued by the SECP and SBP differ with the requirements of IFRSs, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the requirements of the Securities issued by the SECP and SBP differ with the requirements of IFRSs, the requirements of the Securities Ordinance, 1984, the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the requirements of the said directives prevail.
- **3.2** The SBP through its BSD Circular No. 10 dated August 26, 2002, has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" and IAS 40 "Investment Property" for Banking Companies in Pakistan. Further, the SECP has deferred the applicability of International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" through its S.R.O. 411(I)/2008 dated April 28, 2008. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards and their relevant interpretation (issued by the standard interpretation committee-IFRICs) have also not been considered in the preparation of these financial statements. However, investments have been classified and valued in accordance with the requirements prescribed by the SBP through various circulars.

3.3 The SBP vide its BSD Circular No. 07 dated April 20, 2010 has clarified that for the purpose of preparation of financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard - 1 (Revised), 'Presentation of Financial Statements', two statement approach shall be adopted i.e. separate 'Profit and Loss Account' and 'Statement of Comprehensive Income' shall be presented, and Balance Sheet shall be renamed as 'Statement of Financial Position'. Furthermore, only the surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of available for sale (AFS) securities, may be included in the 'Statement of Financial Position below equity. However, it should continue to be shown separately in the Statement of Financial statements.

3.4 Other standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective in the current year

There are certain other new and amended standards and interpretations that are mandatory for the Bank's accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015 but are considered not be to relevant or to have any significant effect on the Bank's operations and are, therefore, not disclosed in these financial statements.

3.5 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations of approved accounting standards will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 January 2016:

- **3.5.1** Amendments to IAS 12 'Income Taxes' are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. The amendments clarify that the existence of a deductible temporary difference depends solely on a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset and its tax base at the end of the reporting period, and is not affected by possible future changes in the carrying amount or expected manner of recovery of the asset. The amendments further clarify that when calculating deferred tax asset in respect of insufficient taxable temporary differences, the future taxable profit excludes tax deductions resulting from the reversal of those deductible temporary differences. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on Company's financial statements.
- **3.5.2** Amendments to IAS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' are part of IASB's broader disclosure initiative and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. The amendments require disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flow and non-cash changes.
- **3.5.3** Amendments to IFRS 2 Share-based Payment clarify the accounting for certain types of arrangements and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. The amendments cover three accounting areas (a) measurement of cash-settled share-based payments; (b) classification of share-based payments settled net of tax withholdings; and (c) accounting for a modification of a share-based payment from cash-settled to equity-settled. The new requirements could affect the classification and/or measurement of these arrangements and potentially the timing and amount of expense recognized for new and outstanding awards. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on Company's financial statements.
- **3.5.4** Transfers of Investment Property (Amendments to IAS 40 'Investment Property' -effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018) clarifies that an entity shall transfer a property to, or from, investment property when, and only when there is a change in use. A change in use occurs when the property meets, or ceases to meet, the definition of investment property and there is evidence of the change in use. In isolation, a change in management's intentions for the use of a property does not provide evidence of a change in use. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on Company's financial statements.

3.5.5 Annual improvements to IFRS standards 2014-2016 cycle. The new cycle of improvements addresses improvements to following approved accounting standards:
-Amendments to IFRS 12 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017) clarify that the requirements of IFRS 12 apply to an entity's interests that are classified as held for sale or discontinued operations in accordance with IFRS 5 – 'Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations'. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on Company's financial statements.
-Amendments to IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' (effective for annual periods

beginning on or after 1 January 2018) clarifies that a venture capital organization and other similar entities may elect to measure investments in associates and joint ventures at fair value through profit or loss, for each associate or joint venture separately at the time of initial recognition of investment. Furthermore, similar election is available to non-investment entity that has an interest in an associate or joint venture that is an investment entity, when applying the equity method, to retain the fair value measurement applied by that investment entity associate or joint venture to the investment entity associate's or joint venture's interests in subsidiaries. This election is made separately for each investment entity associate or joint venture. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on Company's financial statements.

3.5.6 IFRIC 22 'Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018) clarifies which date should be used for translation when a foreign currency transaction involves payment or receipt in advance of the item it relates to. The related item is translated using the exchange rate on the date the advance foreign currency is received or paid and the prepayment or deferred income is recognized. The date of the transaction for the purpose of determining the exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income (or part of it) would remain the date on which receipt of payment from advance consideration was recognized. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the entity shall determine a date of the transaction for each payment or receipt of advance consideration.

4 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

4.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except that held for trading and available for sale investments and derivative financial instruments have been marked to market and are carried at fair value. In addition, obligation in respect of staff retirement benefit is carried at present value and certain financial asset's are stated net of provision.

4.2 Functional and presentational currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Bank's functional and presentational currency. The amounts are rounded to the nearest thousand.

4.3 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgement about carrying values of asset and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual result may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Significant accounting estimates and areas where judgments were made by the management in the application of accounting policies are as follows:

- i) classification and provisioning against investments (notes 5.3 and 9)
- ii) classification and provisioning against advances (notes 5.4 and 10)
- iii) income taxes (notes 5.8, 12 and 30)
- iv) accounting for defined benefit plan (notes 5.9 and 33)
- v) depreciation / amortisation of fixed assets (notes 5.5 and 11)
- vi) fair value of derivative financial instruments (note 5.15 (b) and 22)
- vii) recording of head office expenses for the current year (note 28)
- viii) fair value of financial instruments (note 37)

5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented in these financial statements.

5.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flow statement represent cash and balances with treasury banks, balances with other banks and overdrawn nostro accounts.

5.2 Lendings to / borrowings from financial institutions

The Bank enters into inter-bank transactions at contracted rates for a specified period of time. These are recorded as under:

(a) Sale of securities under repurchase agreements

Securities sold with a simultaneous commitment to repurchase at a specified future date (repos) continue to be recognised in the financial statements as investments and the counterparty liability for amounts received under these agreements is included in borrowings from financial institutions. The difference between sale and repurchase price is recognised over the period of transaction as an expense.

(b) Purchase of securities under resale agreements

Securities purchased with a corresponding commitment to resell at a specified future date (reverse repos) are not recognised as investments in the statement of financial position. Amounts paid under these agreements are included in lendings to financial institutions. The difference between purchase and resale price is recognised over the period of transaction as income.

(c) Other lendings

These are recorded at the proceeds paid. Mark-up received is recognised in the profit and loss account over the period on an accrual basis.

5.3 Investments

In accordance with the requirements of BSD circular No 10 dated 13 July 2004 the investments are classified as follows:

(a) Held for trading

These are securities, which are either acquired for generating profit from short-term fluctuations in market prices, interest rate movements, dealer's margin or are securities included in a portfolio in which a pattern of short-term profit making exists.

(b) Held to maturity

These are securities with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity in respect of which the Bank has the positive intent and ability to hold them till maturity. These are carried at amortised cost.

(c) Available for sale

These are investments that do not fall under the 'held for trading' or 'held to maturity' categories.

Investments are initially recognised at fair value. All purchases and sales of investments that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention are recognised at trade date, which is the date on which the Bank commits to purchase or sell the investments.

In accordance with the requirements of the State Bank of Pakistan, quoted securities other than those classified as 'held to maturity' are subsequently remeasured to market value. Surplus / (deficit) arising on revaluation of securities classified as 'available for sale' is taken to a separate account shown in the statement of financial position below equity. Surplus / (deficit) arising on revaluation of securities classified as 'held for trading' is taken to the profit and loss account. In accordance with the requirements specified by the State Bank of Pakistan, investments classified as 'held to maturity' are carried at amortised cost.

Investment in unquoted equity securities are stated at cost less impairment.

Impairment loss in respect of investments classified as available for sale (except term finance certificates) and held to maturity is recognised based on management's assessment of objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that may have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the investments. Provision for diminution in the value of term finance certificates is made as per the requirements set out in the Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan. In case of impairment of available for sale securities, the cumulative loss that has been recognised directly in surplus on revaluation of securities on the statement of financial position below equity is removed therefrom and recognised in the profit and loss account. For investments classified as held to maturity, the impairment loss is recognised in profit and loss account. The difference between the face value and the purchase price is amortised over the remaining life of the investment using effective yield method, in order to determine the amortised cost.

Gains and losses on disposal of investments during the year is taken to the profit and loss account.

5.4 Advances

Advances are stated net of specific and general provision against loan losses. Specific and general provisions are made in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan from time to time. The net provision made / reversed during the year is charged to the profit and loss account and accumulated provision is netted-off against advances. Advances are written off when there is no realistic prospect of recovery.

5.5 Fixed assets

Capital work in progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any.

Tangible

Fixed assets are carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any, except for lease hold land which is stated as cost. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is charged to the profit and loss account applying the straight-line method using the rates specified in note 11.2 to these financial statements. The depreciation charge for the year is calculated after taking into account residual value, if any. The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each statement of financial position date. Depreciation on additions is charged for the whole month if the assets are purchased before 15th day of the month while no depreciation is charged in the month in which assets are disposed off.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred. Subsequent costs are included in the assets' carrying amount or are recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Bank and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Gain and loss on disposal of fixed assets is taken to the profit and loss account.

Intangible

Intangible assets having a finite useful life are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such intangible assets are amortised using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. The useful lives and amortisation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate at each statement of financial position date. Intangible assets having an indefinite useful life are stated at acquisition cost, less impairment loss, if any.

Amortisation is charged to the profit and loss account applying the straight-line method using the rates specified in note 11.3 to these financial statements.

5.6 Non-current assets held for sale

The Bank classifies a non-current asset (or disposal group) as held for sale if its carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use.

A non-current asset (or disposal group) held for sale is carried at the lower of its carrying amount and the fair value less costs to sell. Impairment losses are recognised through the profit and loss account for any initial or subsequent write down of the non-current asset (or disposal group) to fair value less costs to sell. Subsequent gains in fair value less costs to sell are recognised to the extent they do not exceed the cumulative impairment losses previously recorded. A non-current asset is not depreciated while classified as held for sale or while part of a disposal group classified as held for sale.

5.7 Impairment

The carrying amount of assets are reviewed at each statement of financial position date for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of the assets may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, and where the carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amount. The resulting impairment loss is taken to the profit and loss account.

5.8 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items which are directly recognised in equity or below equity / other comprehensive income, in such cases, the relating income tax is also directly recognised in equity or below equity / other comprehensive income.

Current

Current tax is the expected tax payable on taxable income for the year determined using tax rate enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary relating to prior years, which arises from assessments / developments made during the year.

Deferred

Deferred tax is recognised using balance sheet liability method on all material temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the assets can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each statement of financial position date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

The Bank also recognises a deferred tax asset / liability on the deficit / surplus on revaluation of securities, which is adjusted against the related surplus / deficit in accordance with the requirements of the International Accounting Standard 12 - Income Taxes.

5.9 Staff retirement benefits

Defined benefit plan

The Bank operates an approved funded gratuity scheme for all its permanent employees whose period of service with the Bank is five years or more. Expenses relating to the scheme are recognised and contributions to the fund are made based on actuarial recommendations.

Contributions to the fund are made on the basis of actuarial recommendation. Liability in respect of this benefit is recognised based on actuarial valuation carried out using Projected Unit Cost method. All actuarial gains and losses are recognized in the Statement of Financial Position immediately, with a charge or credit to Other Comprehensive Income in the periods in which they occur.

Amounts arising as a result of remeasurements are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position immediately, with a charge or credit to Other Comprehensive Income in the periods in which they occur.

Gratuity is payable to staff on completion of the prescribed qualifying period of service under the plan.

Defined contribution plan

The Bank operates a recognised provident fund scheme for all its permanent employees to which equal monthly contributions are made both by the Bank and employees at the rate of 10 percent of basic salary. The Bank has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

5.10 Share based payments

The Bank offers two types of share based incentive plans which are Stock Award and Stock Option programmes. Under these plans, the share option of the holding company are granted by the holding company to high performing employees of the Bank. Pursuant to a separate agreement the Bank makes a cash settlement to Citigroup Inc. for the value of the share-based incentive awards delivered to the Bank's employees under these plans.

The Bank applies equity-settled accounting for its share based incentive plans, with separate accounting for its associated obligations to make payments to Citigroup Inc.

Fair value of the shares awarded under the stock award programme, on the grant date and on each measurement date, is determined with reference to the price quoted on the New York Stock Exchange.

5.11 Borrowings / deposits and their cost

- (a) Borrowings / deposits are recorded at the proceeds received.
- (b) Borrowing / deposit costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which these are incurred using the effective mark-up / interest rate method to the extent that they are not directly attributable to the acquisition of or construction of qualifying assets. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset (one that takes a substantial period of time to get ready for use or sale) are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset.

5.12 Provisions

Provision for guarantee claims and other off balance sheet obligations is recognised when intimated and reasonable certainty exists for the Bank to settle the obligation. Expected recoveries are recognised by debiting the customer's account. Charge to the profit and loss account is stated net-of expected recoveries.

Other provisions are recognised when the Bank has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

5.13 Revenue recognition

- Mark-up / return / interest on advances and investments is recognised on a time proportion basis, taking into account effective yield on the instrument, except in case of non-performing advances where income is recognised on receipt basis in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan.
- Fee and commission are recognised as and when services are performed.
- Gains and losses on sale of investments and operating fixed assets are recognised in the profit and loss account when the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred.
- Dividend income is recognised when the Bank's right to receive the dividend has been established.

5.14 Foreign currencies

(a) Functional and presentational currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Bank operates. The financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Bank's functional and presentational currency.

(b) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pakistani Rupees at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pakistani Rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Foreign bills purchased and forward foreign exchange contracts are valued at the forward rates applicable to their respective maturities.

(c) Translation gains and losses

Translation gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account.

(d) Contingencies and commitments

Commitments for outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts are disclosed at contracted rates with the fair value adjustment disclosed in other assets/ other liabilities as case may be. Contingent liabilities / commitments for letters of credit and letters of guarantee denominated in foreign currencies are expressed in Pakistani rupees terms at the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date.

5.15 Financial instruments

(a) Financial assets and financial liabilities

The Bank initially recognises financial assets and liabilities on the date at which they originate except for investments which are recognised on the trade date.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are transferred. The Bank also enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised on its statement of financial position, but retains either all or part of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. If all or substantially all risks and rewards are retained, then the transferred assets are not derecognised from the statement of financial position.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the contractual obligations expire, or are discharged or cancelled.

(b) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value using appropriate valuation techniques. All derivative financial instruments having positive fair value are carried as assets and instruments having negative fair value are carried as liabilities. Any change in the fair value of derivative financial instruments is taken to profit and loss account.

(c) Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the financial statements only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and the Bank intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expense items of such assets and liabilities are also off-set and the net amount is reported in the financial statements.

5.16 Assets acquired in satisfaction of claims

The Bank occasionally acquires vehicles and other assets in settlement of certain advances. These are stated at the lower of related advances and the current fair value of such assets. Gains or losses on disposal and unrealised losses on revaluation are recognised in income currently. In case certain repossessed assets cannot be disposed of within pre-determined number of days, impairment loss is recognised by the Bank against such assets.

5.17 Acceptances

Acceptances comprise undertakings by the Bank to pay bills of exchange drawn on customers. The Bank expects most acceptances to be simultaneously settled with the reimbursement from the customers. Acceptances are accounted for as off balance sheet transactions and are disclosed as contingent liabilities and commitments.

5.18 Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Bank that is engaged either in providing product or services (business segment), or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risk and rewards that are different from those of the other segments. The operations of the Bank are based in Pakistan, therefore geographical segment is not relevant.

5.18.1 Business segments

Trading and sales

It includes fixed income, foreign exchange, funding, own position securities, lending, borrowing and derivatives.

Corporate banking

Corporate banking includes syndicated financing and services provided in connection with merger and acquisitions, project finance, export finance, trade finance, short-term and long-term lending, bill discounting and negotiation, letter of credit, acceptances, guarantees and deposits.

		Note	2016	2015
6	CASH AND BALANCES WITH TREASURY BANKS		(Rupees i	in '000)
	In hand			
	Local currency		127,342	147,520
	Foreign currencies		270,033	342,256
	With State Bank of Pakistan in			
	Local currency current account	6.1	4,154,022	3,473,070
	Foreign currency current account		9,003	23,816
	Foreign currency deposit accounts			
	- Cash reserve account	6.2	230,117	188,534
	- Special cash reserve account	6.3	690,350	565,601
	With National Bank of Pakistan in			
	Local currency current account		-	68,511
			5,480,867	4,809,308

6.1 The local currency current account is maintained with the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) as per the requirements of Section 22 of the Banking Companies Ordinance 1962. This section requires banking companies to maintain a local currency cash reserve in the current account opened with the SBP at a sum not less than such percentage of its time and demand liabilities in Pakistan as may be prescribed by SBP.

6.2 This represents cash reserve of 5% which is required to be maintained with State Bank of Pakistan on deposits held under the New Foreign Currency Accounts Scheme (FE-25 deposits).

6.3 This represents special cash reserve of 15% which is required to be maintained with State Bank of Pakistan on FE-25 deposits. Profit rates on these deposits are fixed by SBP on a monthly basis. During the year this deposit was not remunerated (2015: Nil).

		Note	2016	2015
7	BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS		(Rupees i	in '000)
	In Pakistan			
	In current account		38,825	40,705
	Outside Pakistan			
	In current account	7.1	1,504,070	664,207
	In deposit account		-	-
			1,542,895	704,912

7.1 This includes balance of Rs. 1,474.014 million (2015: Rs.662.929 million) held with branches of Citibank, N.A. outside Pakistan.

		Note	2016	2015
8	LENDINGS TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS		(Rupees	in '000)
	Placements	8.1 & 8.3	-	4,818,086
	Repurchase agreement lendings (Reverse Repo)	8.2, 8.3 & 8.4	13,325,003	3,645,971
			13,325,003	8,464,057

8.1 These represent short term placement with Citibank entities. These carry mark-up of NIL (2015: 0.28%) per annum and have a maturity period of NIL (2015: January 2016).

8.2 These represent short term lendings to financial institutions against government securities. These carry mark-up at rates ranging from 5.93% to 8.82% (2015: 6.24% to 6.40%) per annum and have a maturity period of upto January 2017 (2015: January 2016).

		2016	2015
8.3	Particulars of lendings to financial institutions	(Rupees in	n '000)
	In local currency	13,325,003	3,645,971
	In foreign currency	-	4,818,086
		13,325,003	8,464,057

8.4 Securities held as collateral against lendings to financial institutions

		Note		2016			2015	
		-	Held by Bank	Further given as	Total	Held by Bank	Further given as collateral	Total
		-		collateral	(Rupees	in '000)		
	Market Treasury Bills Pakistan Investment Bond		7,324,675 6,000,328	-	7,324,675 6,000,328	3,645,971	-	3,645,971
	i akistan nivestnent bond	-	13,325,003	-	13,325,003	3,645,971	-	3,645,971
0		-		0016			2015	
9	INVESTMENTS	-	Held by	2016 Given as	Total	Held by	2015 Given as	Total
9.1	Investments by types:		Bank	collateral		Bank	collateral	
	Hold for trading coourities	-			(Rupees	in '000)		
	Held-for-trading securities Market Treasury Bills	9.4	22,996,286	-	22,996,286	3,554,265	-][3,554,265
	Pakistan Investment Bonds	9.5	-	-	-	4,337,297	-	4,337,297
	Available-for-sale securities		22,996,286	-	22,996,286	7,891,562	-	7,891,562
	Market Treasury Bills	9.4	29,639,302	-	29,639,302	5,374,695	-	5,374,695
	Pakistan Investment Bonds	9.5	13,944,807	-	13,944,807	32,961,503	2,066,830	35,028,333
	Fully Paid-up Ordinary Shares	9.6 0.7	2,000 248,000	-	2,000	2,000	-	2,000
	Unlisted Term Finance Certificates	9.7	248,090 43,834,199	-	248,090 43,834,199	248,090 38,586,288	- 2,066,830	248,090 40,653,118
		-						· · ·
	Investments at cost		66,830,485	-	66,830,485	46,477,850	2,066,830	48,544,680
	Less: Provision for diminution in							
	the value of Investments	9.8	250,090	-	250,090	250,090	-	250,090
	Investments (net of provisions)	-	66,580,395	-	66,580,395	46,227,760	2,066,830	48,294,590
	Surplus on revaluation of							
	held-for-trading securities - net	9.10	(3,318)	-	(3,318)	3,884	-	3,884
	Surplus on revaluation of available-for-sale securities - net	20	99,166	-	99,166	278,567	8,076	286,643
	Total investments at market value	-	66,676,243	-	66,676,243	46,510,211	2,074,906	48,585,117
9.2	Investments by segments:					Note	2016 (Rupees i	2015 n '000)
	Federal Government Securities:							
	Market Treasury Bills Pakistan Investment Bonds					9.3 & 9.4 9.3 & 9.5	52,635,588 13,944,807	8,928,960 39,365,630
	Fakistan investment Bonds					9.5 & 9.5	66,580,395	48,294,590
	Fully Paid up Ordinary Shares Unlisted shares					9.6	2,000	2,000
	Term Finance Certificates: Unlisted					9.7	248,090	248,090
	Investments at cost Less: Provision for diminution in valu	e of inve	stments			9.8	66,830,485 250,090	48,544,680 250,090
	• • • • • •							10.001.5
	Investments (net of provisions) Surplus on revaluation of held-for-trad	ding seen	rities			9.10	66,580,395 (3,318)	48,294,590 3,884
	Surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of av	•		5		9.10 20	(3,318) 99,166	3,884 286,643
	Total investments at market value						66,676,243	48,585,117

9.3 Investments include certain approved / government securities which are held by the Bank to comply with the Statutory Liquidity Requirement determined on the basis of the Bank's demand and time liabilities as set out under section 29 of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962.

- 9.4 Market Treasury Bills are for a period of three months, six months and one year. The effective rates of profit on Market Treasury Bills range from 5.75% to 6.22% (2015: 6.25% to 8.5%) per annum with maturities upto October 2017 (2015: December 2016). Market Treasury Bills having face value of Rs 25 Million (2015: NIL) have been deposited with the State Bank of Pakistan against telegraph transfer / discounting facility granted by them. In addition Market Treasury Bills having face value of Rs 2,492 million (2015: 3,242 million) have been deposited with the State Bank of Pakistan as pledged capital.
- 9.5 Pakistan Investment Bonds (PIBs) are for periods of three, five, ten and fifteen years. The yield on these PIBs range from 6.00% to 11.25% (2015: 6.70% to 12.07%) per annum with maturities from July 2017 to July 2019 (2015: May 2016 to March 2025). Pakistan Investment Bonds having face value of NIL (2015: Rs 25 million) have been deposited with the State Bank of Pakistan against telegraph transfer / discounting facility granted by them. Pakistan Investment Bonds having face value of Rs 5,198 million (2015: Rs. 4,448 million) have been deposited with the State Bank of Pakistan as pledged capital.

9.6	Particulars of Fully Paid-up Ordinary Shares - Unlisted companies	Note	2016 (Rupees in	2015 1 '000)
	Arabian Sea Country Club 200,000 (2015: 200,000) fully paid-up ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each		2,000	2,000
	Chief Executive Officer - Mr. Arif Ali Khan Abbasi		2,000	2,000
9.7	Particulars of Term Finance Certificates - Unlisted			
	Azgard Nine Limited 49,618 Term Finance certificates (2015: 49,618) of Rs. 5,000 each	9.7.1	248,090	248,090

9.7.1 Represents term finance certificates received as partial settlement from Azgard Nine Limited against overdue suspended markup amounting to Rs 248.090 million kept in memorandum account and are completely provided for.

9.8	Particulars of provision for diminution in the value of investments		2016 (Rupees in	2015 1 '000)
	Opening balance Reversals Closing balance	9.8.1	250,090 - 	250,090 - 250,090
9.8.1	Particulars of provision for diminution in the value of investments by type and segment			

Unlisted shares - available-for-sale investments	2,000	2,000
Unlisted term finance certificates - available-for-sale investments	248,090	248,090
	250,090	250,090

9.9 Quality of Available for Sale Securities

		2016		2015	
		Amount (Rupees'000)	Rating (where available)	Amount (Rupees'000)	Rating (where available)
	Federal Government Securities (at market value)				
	Market Treasury Bills	29,613,378	N/A	5,377,383	N/A
	Pakistan Investment Bonds	14,069,897	N/A	35,312,288	N/A
		43,683,275		40,689,671	
	Ordinary shares - unlisted (at cost)				
	Arabian Sea Country Club	2,000	Unrated	2,000	Unrated
		2,000		2,000	
	Term Finance Certificates - unlisted (at cost)				
	Azgard Nine Limited	248,090	Unrated	248,090	Unrated
		248,090		248,090	
	Total	43,933,365		40,939,761	
9.10	Unrealised gain / (loss) on revaluation of investments			2016	2015
	classified as held for trading			(Rupees i	in '000)
	Market Treasury Bills			(3,318)	(70)
	Pakistan Investments Bonds			-	3,954
				(3,318)	3,884
				(-)0)	- ,

10	ADVANCES	Note	2016 (Rupees i	2015 n '000)
	Loans, cash credits, running finances, etc. In Pakistan		22,930,708	23,406,161
	Bills discounted and purchased (excluding treasury bills) Payable in Pakistan Payable outside Pakistan		1,357,767	1,049,891 4,435
	Advances - gross	10.1.3	<u>1,357,767</u> 24,288,475	1,054,326 24,460,487
	Provision against advances Specific - provision against non-performing advances General - provision against advances Advances - net of provisions	10.2 10.3.1 10.3	(2,866,751) (214) (2,866,965) 21,421,510	(3,070,673) (217) (3,070,890) 21,389,597
10.1	Particulars of advances (gross)			
10.1.1	In local currency In foreign currencies		24,065,255 223,220 24,288,475	24,232,528 227,959 24,460,487
10.1.2	Short term (for upto one year) Long term (for over one year)		23,032,340 1,256,135 24,288,475	22,614,997 1,845,490 24,460,487

10.1.3 Based on classification defined in SBP Prudential Regulations, Rs 23,541.363 million (2015: Rs 23,685.746 million) advances fall under Corporate and Rs 747.112 million (2015: Rs 775.730 million) fall under Consumer and SME classification as at December 31, 2016.

10.2 Advances include Rs.2,866.751 million (2015: Rs.3,070.673 million) which have been placed under non-performing status as detailed below:

		2016			2015	
	Classified advances (Domestic)	Provision required	Provision held	Classified advances (Domestic)	Provision required	Provision held
Category of classificatio	<u></u>		(Rupees	in '000)		
Substandard	-	-	-	-	-	-
Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
_				3,070,673	3,070,673	
Loss	2,866,751	2,866,751	2,866,751	5,070,075	5,070,075	3,070,673

10.3 Particulars of provision against advances

	Note		2016			2015	
	-	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total
				(Rupees in	n '000)		
Opening balance		3,070,673	217	3,070,890	3,425,347	146	3,425,493
Charge for the year	Г	-	•	-][322	71	393
Reversals		(84,683)	(3)	(84,686)	(175,577)	-	(175,577)
		(84,683)	(3)	(84,686)	(175,255)	71	(175,184)
Amounts written off	10.4.1	(119,239)	-	(119,239)	(179,419)	-	(179,419)
Closing balance	=	2,866,751	214	2,866,965	3,070,673	217	3,070,890

10.3.1 General provision against consumer loans represents provision maintained at an amount equal to 1.5% of the fully secured performing portfolio and 5% of the unsecured performing portfolio as required by the Prudential Regulations issued by the State Bank of Pakistan.

10.3.2 Particulars of provision against advances

	_	2016		2015		
	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total
			(Rupees	in '000)		
In local currency	2,866,751	214	2,866,965	3,070,673	217	3,070,890

10.3.3 Although the Bank has made provision against its non-performing portfolio as per the category of classification of the loan, the Bank holds enforceable collateral in the event of recovery through litigation for financing other than personal loans. These securities comprise of charge against various tangible assets of the borrower including land, building and machinery, stock in trade etc.

		Note	2016	2015
10.4	Particulars of write-offs		(Rupees in	n '000)
10.4.1	Against provisions	10.3	119,239	179,419
	Recovery taken / directly charged to profit and loss account	10.4.1.1		179,419

10.4.1.1 It represents the amount recovered against customer that was previously written off.

		Note	2016 (Rupees i	2015 n '000)
10.4.2	Write offs of Rs. 500,000 and above (excluding discount on prepayment and loss on sale)Recovery from party written off in previous period	10.5	119,239	179,029
	Write offs of below Rs. 500,000		119,239	- 390 179,419

10.5 Details of loan write off of Rs. 500,000 and above

In terms of sub-section (3) of Section 33A of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 the Statement in respect of written-off loans or any other financial relief of five hundred thousand rupees or above allowed to person(s) during the year ended December 31, 2016 is given in Annexure-I. These loans are written off as a book entry without prejudice to the Bank's right of recovery against the customers.

10.6	Particulars of loans and advances to directors, executives associated companies, etc.	2016 (Rupees	2015 in '000)
	Debts due by directors, executives or officers of the Bank or any of them either severally or jointly with any other persons *		
	Balance at beginning of the year	433,300	457,766
	Loans granted during the year	174,382	141,643
	Repayments	(188,599)	(166,109)
	Balance at end of the year	419,083	433,300

* Represents loans given by the Bank to their executives and other employees as per the terms of their employment.

11	FIXED ASSETS	Note	2016 (Rupees i	2015 n '000)
	Capital work-in-progress	11.1	57,835	17,909
	Property and equipment	11.2	521,461	440,422
	Intangible assets	11.3	-	-
			579,296	458,331

11.1 Capital work-in-progress

11.2

Advances to suppliers and contractors **Property and equipment**

2016	2015
(Rupees i	n '000)

57,835 17,909

					2016			
		Cost		Accu	nulated depred	ciation	Book value	
	As at 01 January 2016	Additions / (deletions)	As at 31 December 2016	As at 01 January 2016	Charge for the year / (on deletions) / adjustments	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2016	Rate of depreciation %
			(Rupees in '0	00)			
Leasehold land and buildings	6,295	-	6,295	3,296	239	3,535	2,760	5
Furniture and fixtures	418,766	154,384 (8,294)	564,856	133,028	59,288 (8,284)	184,032	380,824	10 - 50
Electrical, office and computer equipment	765,414	55,967 (46,375)	775,006	631,645	60,633 (46,198)	646,080	128,926	14.3-33.33
Vehicles	86,758	(7,614)	79,144	68,842	7,982 (6,631)	70,193	8,951	20
	1,277,233	210,351 (62,283)	1,425,301	836,811	128,142 (61,113)	903,840	521,461	
					2015			
		Cost			mulated deprec	iation	Book value	
	As at 01 January 2015	Additions / (deletions)	As at 31 December 2015	As at 01 January 2015	Charge for the year / (on deletions) / adjustments	As at 31 December 2015	As at 31 December 2015	Rate of depreciation %
			((Rupees in '0)0)			
Leasehold land and buildings	6,295	-	6,295	3,057	239	3,296	2,999	5
Furniture and fixtures	245,996	174,416 (1,646)	418,766	117,593	17,060 (1,625)	133,028	285,738	10 - 50
Electrical, office and computer equipment	718,678	46,736	765,414	589,592	42,053	631,645	133,769	14.3-33.33
Vehicles	114,626	- (27,868)	86,758	77,852	12,430 (21,440)	68,842	17,916	20
	1,085,595	221,152 (29,514)	1,277,233	788,094	71,782 (23,065)	836,811	440,422	

11.2.1 The cost of fully depreciated assets still in use amounts to Rs. 659.290 million (2015: Rs. 704.177 million).

11.3 Intangible assets

				20)16			
		Cost		Accur	nulated amortis	ation	Book value	Rate of
	As at 01 January 2016	Additions / (deletions)	As at 31 December 2016	As at 01 January 2016	Amortisation for the year / (amortisation on deletions) / adjustments	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2016	amortisation
				(Rupees in '000))			%
Computer software	10,945	-	10,945	10,945	-	10,945	-	20 - 33.33
		-			-			
				20)15			
		Cost		Accu	mulated amortisa	ation	Book value	Rate of
	As at 01	Additions /	As at 31	As at 01	Amortisation	As at 31	As at 31	amortisation
	January 2015	(deletions)	December 2015	January 2015	for the year / (amortisation on deletions) /	December 2015	December 2015	
					adjustments			
				(Rupees in '000)				%
Computer software	10,945	-	10,945	10,780	165 - -	10,945	-	20 - 33.33

11.3.1 The cost of fully amortised assets still in use is Rs. 10.945 million (2015: Rs 10.945 million).

11.4 Disposals of fixed assets during the year

Details of disposals of fixed assets having cost of more than Rs. 1,000,000 or net book value of Rs. 250,000 or more are given in Annexure-II and is an integral part of these financial statements.

12	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS - net	Note	2016 (Rupees in	2015 1 '000)
	Deferred tax assets - net	12.1	133,999	201,088
12.1	 Deferred debits arising due to: provision against off balance sheet items and corporate and financing accelerated tax depreciation other deductible temporary differences effect of remeasurement relating to defined benefit plan 		193,988 - - 78,548	346,820 - - 64,139
13	 Deferred credit arising due to: effect of re-measurement of cost under share based payment accelerated tax depreciation surplus on revaluation of available for sale investments 	20	(90,840) (12,989) (34,708) 133,999	(88,733) (20,813) (100,325) 201,088
13	OTHER ASSETS			

Income / mark-up accrued in local currency		719,051	1,551,282
Income / mark-up accrued in foreign currency		29,519	21,415
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables		156,801	155,889
Advance taxation (payments less provisions)	13.1	758,548	1,381,620
Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	13.2	7,954	7,954
Unrealised gain on forward foreign exchange contracts, foreign			
currency options and derivative contracts		1,226,119	920,814
Others		533	55
		2,898,525	4,039,029
Less: Provision held against non-banking assets acquired in			
satisfaction of claims	13.3	7,954	7,954
Other assets - net of provision		2,890,571	4,031,075
1			, ,

- **13.1** The Bank has filed appeals for different assessment years before tax appellate authorities. The Bank is vigorously contesting its appeals and is confident of favourable decision in the appeals.
- **13.2** The management has made provision against the amount of non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims taking a conservative view. Therefore, the management has not disclosed the market value of these assets.

13.3	Provision against non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims		2016 (Rupees in	2015 n '000)
	Opening balance Reversal during the year Closing balance		7,954 	8,941 (987) 7,954
14	CONTINGENT ASSETS			
	There were no contingent assets of the Bank as at December 31, 2016 (2015: Nil).			
15	BILLS PAYABLE	Note	2016 (Rupees in	2015 n '000)
	In Pakistan		2,524,303	1,766,257
16	BORROWINGS FROM FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS			
	In Pakistan Outside Pakistan		2,481 <u>18,392,423</u> <u>18,394,904</u>	7,003,479 - 7,003,479
16.1	Particulars of borrowings with respect to currencies			
	In local currency In foreign currencies		2,481 18,392,423 18,394,904	7,003,479 - 7,003,479
16.2	Details of borrowings Secured / Unsecured			
	Secured Repurchase agreement borrowings	16.2.1		2,003,479
	Unsecured Call borrowings Overdrawn accounts	16.2.2	18,304,738 90,166 18,394,904	5,000,000 - 5,000,000
			18,394,904	7,003,479

16.2.1 This represents secured borrowing that carries mark-up at the rate NIL (2015: 6.35%) per annum and are due to mature NIL (2015:January 2016).

16.2.2 This represents unsecured borrowing that carries mark-up rate 0.69% to 0.70% (2015: 6.25% to 6.45%) per annum and are due to mature in January 2017 (2015: January 2016).

17	DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS	2016 (Rupees	2015 in '000)
	Customers		
	Fixed deposits	19,457,869	16,533,913
	Savings deposits	43,463,616	34,407,487
	Current accounts - non-remunerative	10,774,265	9,166,601
	Other deposits	108,556	142,891
		73,804,306	60,250,892
	Financial institutions		
	Non-remunerative deposits	1,272,076	1,491,791
		75,076,382	61,742,683

17.1	Particulars of deposits	2016	2015
		(Rupees	in '000)
	In local currency	72,455,030	57,969,982
	In foreign currencies	2,621,352	3,772,701
		75,076,382	61,742,683

^{17.2} Includes deposits of Citigroup companies amounting to Rs. 602.059 million (2015: Rs.583.903 million).

18OTHER LIABILITIES(Rupees in '000)Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency Unearned commission and income on bills discounted16,44327,617Accrued expenses18.1&18.2638,593680,763Unrealised loss on forward foreign exchange contracts, foreign currency options and derivative contracts735,440756,156Unremitted head office expenses735,440756,156Unremitted head office stor support services882,605792,257Payable to regional offices for support services47,46034,561Payable to defined benefit plan33.2176,996144,058Provision against off-balance sheet obligations18.3Payable on account of sale proceeds of securities held under custody1,500,4283,417,193Payable on account of securities fund servicesSecurities sold but not yet purchased209,761Others1,036,6421,313,8785,834,6177,364,498	10		Note	2016	2015
Unearned commission and income on bills discounted16,44327,617Accrued expenses18.1&18.2638,593680,763Unrealised loss on forward foreign exchange contracts, foreign currency options and derivative contracts735,440756,156Unremitted head office expenses735,440756,156Unremitted head office sfor support services47,46034,561Payable to regional offices for support services18.3-Payable to defined benefit plan33.2176,996144,058Provision against off-balance sheet obligations18.3Payable on account of sale proceeds of shares sold by an associated undertaking372,8283,417,193Payable on account of securities fund servicesSecurities sold but not yet purchased209,761Others1,036,6421,313,878	18	OTHER LIABILITIES		(Rupees 1	n '000)
Accrued expenses18.1&18.2638,593680,763Unrealised loss on forward foreign exchange contracts, foreign currency options and derivative contracts735,440756,156Unremitted head office expenses882,605792,257Payable to regional offices for support services47,46034,561Payable to defined benefit plan33.2176,996144,058Provision against off-balance sheet obligations18.3Payable on account of sale proceeds of securities held under custody1,500,4283,417,193Payable on account of sale proceeds of shares sold by an associated undertaking372,828-Payable on account of securities fund servicesSecurities sold but not yet purchasedOthers1,036,6421,313,878		Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency		217,421	198,015
Unrealised loss on forward foreign exchange contracts, foreign currency options and derivative contracts735,440756,156Unremitted head office expenses882,605792,257Payable to regional offices for support services47,46034,561Payable to defined benefit plan33.2176,996144,058Provision against off-balance sheet obligations18.3Payable on account of sale proceeds of securities held under custody1,500,4283,417,193Payable on account of sale proceeds of shares sold by an associated undertaking372,828-Payable on account of securities fund servicesSecurities sold but not yet purchasedOthers1,036,6421,313,878		Unearned commission and income on bills discounted		16,443	27,617
options and derivative contracts735,440756,156Unremitted head office expenses882,605792,257Payable to regional offices for support services47,46034,561Payable to defined benefit plan33.2176,996144,058Provision against off-balance sheet obligations18.3Payable on account of sale proceeds of securities held under custody1,500,4283,417,193Payable on account of sale proceeds of shares sold by an associated undertaking372,828-Payable on account of securities fund servicesSecurities sold but not yet purchased209,761-Others1,036,6421,313,878		Accrued expenses	18.1&18.2	638,593	680,763
Unremitted head office expenses882,605792,257Payable to regional offices for support services47,46034,561Payable to defined benefit plan33.2176,996144,058Provision against off-balance sheet obligations18.3Payable on account of sale proceeds of securities held under custody1,500,4283,417,193Payable on account of sale proceeds of shares sold by an associated undertaking372,828-Payable on account of securities fund servicesSecurities sold but not yet purchased209,761-Others1,036,6421,313,878		Unrealised loss on forward foreign exchange contracts, foreign currency			
Payable to regional offices for support services47,46034,561Payable to defined benefit plan33.2176,996144,058Provision against off-balance sheet obligations18.3Payable on account of sale proceeds of securities held under custody1,500,4283,417,193Payable on account of sale proceeds of shares sold by an associated undertaking372,828-Payable on account of securities fund servicesSecurities sold but not yet purchased209,761-Others1,036,6421,313,878		options and derivative contracts		735,440	756,156
Payable to defined benefit plan33.2176,996144,058Provision against off-balance sheet obligations18.3Payable on account of sale proceeds of securities held under custody1,500,4283,417,193Payable on account of sale proceeds of shares sold by an associated undertaking372,828-Payable on account of securities fund servicesSecurities sold but not yet purchased209,761-Others1,036,6421,313,878		Unremitted head office expenses		882,605	792,257
Provision against off-balance sheet obligations18.3Payable on account of sale proceeds of securities held under custody1,500,4283,417,193Payable on account of sale proceeds of shares sold by an associated undertaking372,828-Payable on account of securities fund servicesSecurities sold but not yet purchasedOthers1,036,6421,313,878		Payable to regional offices for support services		47,460	34,561
Payable on account of sale proceeds of securities held under custody1,500,4283,417,193Payable on account of sale proceeds of shares sold by an associated undertaking372,828-Payable on account of securities fund servicesSecurities sold but not yet purchased209,761-Others1,036,6421,313,878		Payable to defined benefit plan	33.2	176,996	144,058
Payable on account of sale proceeds of shares sold by an associated undertaking372,828Payable on account of securities fund services-Securities sold but not yet purchased209,761Others1,036,642		Provision against off-balance sheet obligations	18.3	-	-
Payable on account of securities fund services-Securities sold but not yet purchased209,761Others1,036,6421,313,878		Payable on account of sale proceeds of securities held under custody		1,500,428	3,417,193
Securities sold but not yet purchased 209,761 - Others 1,036,642 1,313,878		Payable on account of sale proceeds of shares sold by an associated undertaking		372,828	
Others 1,036,642 1,313,878		Payable on account of securities fund services		-	-
		Securities sold but not yet purchased		209,761	-
5,834,617 7,364,498		Others		1,036,642	1,313,878
				5,834,617	7,364,498

18.1 This includes the Bank's obligation to the head office under the stock award and stock option programmes. As of December 31, 2016 recognised liability for share based incentive plans was Rs. 165.036 million (2015: Rs. 159.593 million).

18.2 Through Finance Act 2008, the Federal Government introduced amendments to the Workers' Welfare Fund (WWF) Ordinance, 1971 whereby the definition of industrial establishment was extended. The amendments were challenged at various levels and conflicting judgments were rendered by the Lahore High Court, Sindh High Court and Peshawar High Court. Appeals against these orders were filed in the Supreme Court. Further, as a consequence of passage of 18th Amendment to the Constitution, levy for Workers Welfare was also introduced by the Government of Sindh (Sindh WWF) which was effective from January 1, 2014.

During the current year, the Supreme Court of Pakistan vide its order dated November 10, 2016 has held that the amendments made in the law introduced by the Federal Government for the levy of Workers Welfare Fund were not lawful as this is not in the nature of tax and therefore could not have been introduced through the money bill. The Federal Board of Revenue has filed review petitions against the above judgment . These petitions are currently pending with the Supreme Court of Pakistan.

A legal advice has been obtained by the Pakistan Banks Association which highlights that consequent to filing of these review petitions, a risk has arisen and the judgment is not conclusive or final till the review petitions are decided. Accordingly, the Bank maintains full provision of Rs. 252.638 million in respect of Federal WWF law from the date of its levy till December 31, 2013. Further the Bank maintains provision of Rs 235.391 million against Provincial WWF law from the date of its levy till December 31, 2016.

		Note	2016	2015
18.3	Provision against off-balance sheet obligations		(Rupees	in '000)
	Opening balance		-	9,034
	Charge for the year		-	652
	Paid during the year			(9,686)
	Closing balance		-	-

19 HEAD OFFICE CAPITAL ACCOUNT

Capital held as:

Deposit of un-encumbered approved securities	19.1	6,812,671	6,812,671
		6,812,671	6,812,671

- 19.1 This represents Market Treasury Bills having face value of Rs 2,492 million (2015: 3,242 million) and Pakistan Investment Bonds having face value of Rs 5,198 million (2015: Rs. 4,448 million). The market value of Market Treasury Bills and Pakistan Investment Bonds as at December 31, 2016 amounts to Rs. 2,440.127 million and Rs. 5,384.855 million (2015: 3,228.048 million and Rs. 4,564.899 million) and these have maturities of up to July 2017 and July 2019 (2015: March 2016 and January 2019).
- **19.2** Capital has been deposited with the State Bank of Pakistan in compliance with section 13 of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962.

20	SURPLUS / (DEFICIT) ON REVALUATION OF ASSETS - net	Note	2016 (Rupees i	2015 n '000)
	Federal and Provincial Government Securities			
	- Market Treasury Bills	Γ	(25,924)	2,688
	- Pakistan Investment Bonds		125,090	283,955
			99,166	286,643
	Less: Related deferred tax asset	12.1	(34,708)	(100,325)
		_	64,458	186,318

21 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

21.1 Direct credit substitutes

Includes general guarantees of indebtedness, bank acceptance guarantees and standby letters of credit serving as financial guarantees for loans and securities.

	2016	2015
	(Rupees in '000)	
(i) Government of Pakistan	202	202
(ii) Banking companies and other financial institutions	-	2,941,176
	202	2,941,378

21.2 Transaction-related contingent liabilities

Includes performance bonds, bid bonds, warranties, advance payment guarantees, shipping guarantees and standby letters of credit related to particular transactions.

	2016	2015
	(Rupees i	in '000)
(i) Government of Pakistan	544,938	719,628
(ii) Banking companies and other financial institutions	34,004	34,676
(iii) Others	1,471,113	1,499,162
	2,050,055	2,253,466

21.3 Trade-related contingent liabilities

Includes short-term self liquidating trade related contingent liabilities arising from the movement of goods, such as documentary credits where the underlying shipment is used as security.

		Note	2016 (Rupees	2015 in '000)
	Letters of credit / acceptances	=	9,178,119	10,036,491
21.4	Other contingencies			
	Indemnity issued		-	-
	Claims not acknowledged as debt		162,257	162,457
		21.4.1	162,257	162,457

21.4.1 These are not recognised as debt as the probability of these crystallising against the Bank is considered remote.

21.5	Commitments in respect of forward transactions	2016 (Rupees	2015 in '000)
	Forward repurchase agreement lendings (reverse repos)	13,386,447	3,648,557
	Forward repurchase agreement borrowing (repos)		2,010,786
	Forward borrowing	13,074,813	6,284,460
	Forward purchase contracts of government securities	210,813	
	Uncancellable commitments to extend credit	3,930,698	1,947,363
	Forward purchase contracts of government securities	210,813	

21.6 Commitments in respect of forward exchange contracts

Purchase	121,436,578	99,992,028
Sale	103,510,839	102,542,917

The Bank utilises foreign exchange instruments to meet the needs of its customers and as part of its asset and liability management activity to hedge its own exposure to currency risk.

		Note	2016	2015
			(Rupees ir	1 '000)
21.7	Other commitments			
	Cross currency and interest rate derivative contracts			
	(notional amount)	22.1	5,961,225	6,083,675
21.8	Commitments in respect of capital expenditure		53,192	115,884

22 DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

A derivative financial instrument is a contract the value of which is determined by reference to one or more underlying financial instruments, reference rates or indices. Forward contracts, options and swaps are the most common types of derivatives. Also included in derivatives are structured financial products that have one or more characteristics of forwards, futures, swaps and options.

The Bank enters into derivatives contracts for market making and for creating effective hedges to enable customers and the Bank to transfer, modify or reduce their interest rate and foreign exchange risks. The Bank as an Authorised Derivative Dealer (ADD) is an active participant in the derivative market of Pakistan.

Overall responsibility for derivatives trading activity lies with the treasury. Existence of an independent market risk function together with the Asset Liability Committee (ALCO) assists in the identification and quantification of risks on derivatives. This involves:

- co-ordinating approvals of market risk limits;
- formulation of policies and procedures with respect to market risk; and
- monitoring of market risk and credit risk exposure.

Treasury operations records transactions in the books, while product control reports the price and liquidity information independently.

The risk embedded in derivatives transactions are discussed in note 41.

22.1 **Product analysis**

Counterparties	2016 Interest Rate and Cross FX Options				
				FX Options	
		ncy Swaps			
	Number of	Notional principal	Number of	Notional	
	contracts		contracts	principal	
		(Rupees in '000)		(Rupees in '000)	
With Banks for					
Hedging	-	-	-	-	
Market Making	-	-	-	-	
With FIs other than banks					
Hedging	-	-	-	-	
Market Making	-	-	-	-	
With other entities for		· · · ·			
Hedging	-	-	-	-	
Market Making	2	5,961,225	-	-	
Total					
Hedging	-	-	-	-	
Market Making	2	5,961,225	-	-	
	2	5,961,225	-		
Counterparties		2015			
-	Interest R	ate and Cross	FX O	ptions	
	Curren	ncy Swaps		•	
	Number of	Notional principal	Number of	Notional	
	contracts		contracts	principal	
		(Rupees in '000)		(Rupees in '000)	
With Banks for					
Hedging	-	-	-	-	
Market Making	-	_	-	-	
With FIs other than banks					
Hedging	-	-	-	-	
Market Making	-	-	-	-	
With other entities for		L L			
Hedging	-	-	_	_	
Market Making	2	6,083,675	_	_	
Total	2	0,005,075	_		
Hedging	_			-	
Market Making	2	6,083,675	_		
mannet manning	2	6,083,675			
	<i>L</i>	0,085,075	-	-	

22.2 Maturity analysis

Interest rate and cross currency swaps

Remaining maturity

Remaining maturity			2016			
	Number of	Notional	Ν	lark to Market		
	contracts	 principal	Negative	Positive	Net	
	(Rupees in '000)					
Upto 1 month	-	-	-	-	-	
1 to 3 months	-	-	-	-	-	
3 to 6 months	1	61,225	(419)	419	-	
6 months to 1 Year	-	-	-	-	-	
1 to 2 Years	-	-	-	-	-	
2 to 3 Years	1	5,900,000	-	129,853	129,853	
3 to 5 Years	-	-	-	-	-	
5 to 10 years	-	-	-	-	-	
Above 10 Years	-	-	-	-	-	
	2	5,961,225	(419)	130,272	129,853	

Remaining maturity			2015		
	Number of	Notional	Ν	Aark to Market	
	contracts	principal	Negative	Positive	Net
			(Rupees in	000)	
Upto 1 month	-	-	-	-	-
1 to 3 months	-	-	-	-	-
3 to 6 months	-	-	-	-	-
6 months to 1 Year	-	-	-	-	-
1 to 2 Years	1	183,675	(1,486)	2,240	754
2 to 3 Years	-	-	-	-	-
3 to 5 Years	1	5,900,000	-	76,673	76,673
5 to 10 Years	-	-	-	-	-
Above 10 Years	-	-	-	-	-
	2	6,083,675	(1,486)	78,913	77,427

^{22.3} The fair value of derivative financial instruments has been determined using valuation techniques with significant inputs such as forecasted market interest rates and foreign exchange rates. The determination of the fair value of these instruments is most sensitive to these key assumptions. Any significant change in these key assumptions may have an effect on the fair value of these derivative financial instruments.

23	MA	ARK-UP/ RETURN/ INTEREST EARNED	Note	2016 (Rupees in	2015 '000)
	a)	On loans and advances to Customers Financial Institutions		1,526,936	2,013,115
	b)	On investments in Held for trading securities Available for sale securities	23.1	980,976 2,130,723	774,136 2,406,890
	c) d)	On deposits with financial institutions On securities purchased under resale agreements (reverse repo)		12,431 <u>1,068,025</u> <u>5,719,091</u>	3,477 764,047 5,961,665

23.1 This includes Funding Cost of Rs. 0.578 billion (2015: 0.244 billion) on Available for Sale Government Securities

24 MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EXPENSED

Deposits	2,727,461	2,205,527
Securities sold under repurchase agreements (repo)	107,304	82,338
Borrowings	59,474	59,360
	2,894,239	2,347,225

25 INCOME FROM DEALING IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

This includes income from foreign exchange dealings, forward settled interbank deals, revaluation of on balance sheet exposure and foreign exchange impact with respect to derivative contracts.

		Note	2016	2015
26	GAIN / (LOSS) ON SALE OF SECURITIES		(Rupees in	'000)
	Federal Government Securities			
	- Market Treasury Bills		8,666	57,847
	- Pakistan Investment Bonds		1,519,750	2,062,092
	Shares - unlisted		-	-
			1,528,416	2,119,939
27	OTHER INCOME / (LOSS)			
	Credit losses recovered		-	583
	Gain on sale of property and equipment		2,370	3,726
	Gain / (loss) from derivative contracts		177,810	459,000
	Interchange and miscellaneous income		2,130	8,575
			182,310	471,884

	Note	2016	2015
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		(Rupees	in '000)
Salaries, allowances, etc.		576,104	563,649
Charge for defined benefit plan	33.5	38,504	47,908
Contribution to defined contribution plan	34	24,025	23,705
Head office / Regional office expenses	28.3	287,775	216,475
Rent, taxes, insurance, electricity, etc.		217,059	253,478
Contract services		179,787	172,759
Legal and professional charges		23,166	37,033
Communications		102,188	98,889
Repairs and maintenance		79,920	77,078
Travelling and conveyance		72,516	91,671
Stationery and printing		26,666	18,248
Advertisement and publicity		14,146	5,753
Support services from regional offices		11,237	41,657
Donations	28.1	2,105	2,227
Auditors' remuneration	28.2	4,032	2,877
Depreciation	11.2	128,142	71,782
Amortisation	11.3	-	165
Restructuring expense		41,485	32,035
Banking Service charges		58,497	64,618
Others		92,585	108,620
	-	1,979,939	1,930,627
	Salaries, allowances, etc. Charge for defined benefit plan Contribution to defined contribution plan Head office / Regional office expenses Rent, taxes, insurance, electricity, etc. Contract services Legal and professional charges Communications Repairs and maintenance Travelling and conveyance Stationery and printing Advertisement and publicity Support services from regional offices Donations Auditors' remuneration Depreciation Amortisation Restructuring expense Banking Service charges	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSESSalaries, allowances, etc.Charge for defined benefit plan33.5Contribution to defined contribution plan34Head office / Regional office expenses28.3Rent, taxes, insurance, electricity, etc.28.3Contract services28Legal and professional charges28Communications4Repairs and maintenance7Travelling and conveyance5Stationery and printing4Advertisement and publicity28.1Support services from regional offices28.2Depreciation11.2Amortisation11.3Restructuring expense11.3Banking Service charges28	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES(Rupes)Salaries, allowances, etc.576,104Charge for defined benefit plan33.5Contribution to defined contribution plan3424,025Head office / Regional office expenses28.328.7,775Rent, taxes, insurance, electricity, etc.217,059Contract services179,787Legal and professional charges23,166Communications102,188Repairs and maintenance79,920Travelling and conveyance72,516Stationery and printing26,666Advertisement and publicity14,146Support services from regional offices11,237Donations28.12,105Auditors' remuneration28.24,032Depreciation11.3-Restructuring expense41,485Banking Service charges58,497Others92,585

28.1 Donations

Citizens Police Liaison Committee	-	-
The Cardiovascular Foundation	100	-
The Embassy of USA	-	202
Karwan-e-Hayat	400	200
Marie Adelaide Leprosy Centre	225	400
The Kidney Centre	600	200
Old Associates of Kinnaird Society	-	300
The Indus Hospital	-	600
OGS TRUST	180	125
Progressive Education Network	-	200
Shaukat Khanum Memorial Cancer Hospital	-	-
Patients Aid Foundation	600	-
	2,105	2,227

28.2 Auditors' remuneration

Audit fee	1,460	1,460
Fee for the half yearly review	455	455
Special certifications and sundry advisory services	1,750	700
Out-of-pocket expenses	367	262
	4,032	2,877

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28.3 Head office / regional expenses are estimated based on head office certificates of prior year and are subject to true ups / actualisation.

29	OTHER CHARGES	Note	2016 (Rupees i	2015 i n '000)
	Charge for / Reversal of penalty imposed by State Bank of Pakistan Charge for / Reversal of Worker's Welfare Fund		15,330 80,669 95,999	670 62,407 63,077
30	TAXATION			
	For the year			
	Current		1,685,316	1,764,758
	Deferred	-	145,008 1,830,324	205,125 1,969,883
	For prior years			
	Current		160,000	80,000
	Deferred	l	- 160,000	- 80,000
		-	1,990,324	2,049,883
30.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit	-		
	Profit before taxation	-	5,191,429	5,659,107
	Taxation at the applicable tax rate of 35% (2015: 35%)		1,817,000	1,980,687
	Prior year charge		160,000	80,000
	Taxation effect of expenses that are not deductible in			
	determining taxable income Others		8,736	4,654
	Otters	-	4,588 1,990,324	(15,458) 2,049,883
31	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	Cash and balances with treasury banks	6	5,480,867	4,809,308
	Balances with other banks	7	1,542,895	704,912
	Overdrawn accounts	16.2	(90,166)	-
		-	6,933,596	5,514,220
			2016	2015
32	STAFF STRENGTH		(Number of o	employees)
	Permanent		137	156
	Contractual basis	-	-	-
	Bank's own staff strength at the end of the year		137	156
	Outsourced Total staff strength at the end of the year	-	109	120
	Total staff strength at the end of the year	=	246	276
22				

33 DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

33.1 General description

All permanent employees with a minimum service period of five years or more with the Bank are entitled to end of service benefits calculated at 130 percent of basic salary for each year of service with the Bank. The assets of the funded plan are held independently in a separate trustee administered fund.

33.2 The amount recognised in the Statement of financial position are determined as follows:

	2016	2015
	(Rupees i	n '000)
Present value of defined benefit obligations	259,479	223,308
Fair value of plan assets	(82,483)	(79,250)
	176,996	144,058

33.3 Plan assets consist of the following:

	2016		2015	
	(Rupees in '000)	%	(Rupees in '000)	%
Pakistan Investment Bonds	78,142	95%	77,687	98%
Cash and bank	4,341	5%	1,563	2%
	82,483	100%	79,250	100%

33.4 The movement in the defined benefit obligation over the year is as follows:

		2016	
	Present value of obligation (Fair value of plan assets Rupees in '000)	Total
At January 1	223,308	(79,250)	144,058
Current service cost	25,460	-	25,460
Settlement loss	-	-	-
Return expense / (income)	21,476	(8,432)	13,044
	270,244	(87,682)	182,562
Remeasurements: -Return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in			
interest income	-	2,809	2,809
-(Gain) / loss from change in demographic assumptions	-	-	-
-(Gain) / loss from change in financial assumptions	38,360	-	38,360
-Experience loss	-	-	-
	38,360	2,809	41,169
	308,604	(84,873)	223,731
Contribution	-	(46,735)	(46,735)
Benefit payments	(49,125)	49,125	-
At December 31	259,479	(82,483)	176,996

			2015	
		Present value of obligation	Fair value of plan assets	Total
			(Rupees in '000)	
	At January 1	238,954	(87,380)	151,574
	Current service cost	26,713	-	26,713
	Settlement loss	4,729	-	4,729
	Return expense / (income)	27,538	(11,072)	16,466
		297,934	(98,452)	199,482
	Remeasurements:			
	-Return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in			
	interest income	-	4,047	4,047
	-(Gain) / loss from change in demographic assumptions	-	-	-
	-(Gain) / loss from change in financial assumptions	3,947	-	3,947
	-Experience losses	1,908	-	1,908
		5,855	4,047	9,902
		303,789	(94,405)	209,384
	Contribution	-	(65,326)	(65,326)
	Benefit payments	(80,481)	80,481	_
	At December 31	223,308	(79,250)	144,058
			2016	2015
33.5	Charge for defined benefit plan		(Rupees	in '000)
	Current service cost		25,460	26,713
	Net return cost		13,044	16,466
	Settlement loss		-	4,729
			38,504	47,908
33.6	The plan assets and defined benefit obligations are based in Pakistan.			
33.7	Principal actuarial assumptions		2016	2015
	Discount rate		8.5% p.a.	9.75% p.a.
	Expected rate of salary increase		8.5% p.a.	9.25% p.a.

^{33.8} Assumptions regarding future mortality are set based on actuarial advice in accordance with published statistics and experience in Pakistan. The rates assumed are based on the adjusted State Life Insurance Corporation 2001 - 2005 mortality tables with one year age set back.

9 years

9 years

Estimated service length of the employees

33.9 The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is:

	-	Impact on defined benefit obligation - increase / (decrease)		
	Change in assumption	Increase in assumption Rupees in '000	Decrease in assumption	
Discount rate	1.0%	(20,761)	23,722	
Salary growth rate	1.0%	23,490	(20,886)	
Withdrawal rate	10.0%	(242)	248	
		Increase by 1 year in assumption	Decrease by 1 year in assumption	
Mortality Rate	1 year	4	(3)	

The above sensitivity analyses are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the gratuity liability recognised within the Statement of Financial Position.

33.10 The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 9 years (2015: 11 years)

33.11 Expected maturity analysis of undiscounted defined benefit obligation for the gratuity scheme is as follows:

At December 31, 2016	Less than a year	Between 1-2 years	Between 2-5 years (Rupees in '000)	Over 5 years	Total
Gratuity	28,734	14,662	66,425	505,832	615,653
22.12 Historical information	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
33.12 Historical information		((Rupees in '000)		
Defined benefit obligation	(259,479)	(223,308)	(238,954)	(215,011)	(369,450)
Fair value of plan assets	82,483	79,250	87,380	129,162	55,526
Deficit	(176,996)	(144,058)	(151,574)	(85,849)	(313,924)
Remeasurements of plan li	iabilities (38,360)	(5,855)	(45,426)	31,198	(36,317)
Remeasurements of plan a	ssets (2,809)	(4,047)	(6,747)	286	1,101

33.13 Funding levels are monitored on an annual basis and are based on actuarial recommendations. Contribution for the next year works out to Rs. 40.539 million (2015: Rs 38.504 million) as per the actuarial valuation report of the Bank as of December 31, 2016.

- 33.14 Through its defined benefit gratuity plan, the Fund is exposed to a number of risks, the most significant of which are detailed below:
 - Asset volatility The plan liabilities are calculated using a discount rate set with reference to corporate bond yields; if plan assets underperform this yield, this will create a deficit. The Fund believes that due to long-term nature of the plan liabilities and the strength of the Bank's support, current investment strategy manages this risk adequately.
 - Inflation riskThe majority of the plans' benefit obligations are linked to inflation, and higher inflation will lead to higher liabilities.
However plan assets are variable rate instruments and are re-priced at regular intervals to off set inflationary impacts.
 - Life expectancy /The majority of the plans' obligations are to provide benefits on severance with the Bank on achieving retirement.Withdrawal rateAny change in life expectancy / withdrawal rate would impact plan liabilities.
- **33.15** The disclosure made in notes 33.1 to 33.13 are based on the information included in the actuarial valuation report of the Bank as of December 31, 2016.

34 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

All permanent employees of the Bank are entitled to end of service benefits through a recognised provident fund, whereby the Bank and all permanent employees are required to make monthly contributions to the scheme at 10 percent of basic salary.

During the year, the Bank contributed Rs 24.025 million (2015: Rs 23.705 million) in respect of the defined contribution plan.

35 SHARE-BASED INCENTIVE PLANS

The Bank offers a number of share based incentive plans to attract, retain and motivate employees, to compensate them for their contributions to the Bank, and to encourage employee stock ownership.

35.1 Stock option programme

Information with respect to stock option activity under the stock option programme is as follows:

	2016		2015		
	Options (Number of shares)	Weighted average share price \$ USD	Options (Number of shares)	Weighted average share price \$ USD	
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	-	-	2,865	40.80	
Granted	-	-	-	-	
Forfeited	-	-	-	-	
Exercised	-	-	(976)	40.80	
Transfers	-	-	-	-	
Expired	-	-	(1,889)	40.80	
Outstanding at the end of the year		-			
Exercisable at the end of year					

35.2 The following table summarises the information about stock options outstanding under the programme at December 31, 2016:

Range of exercise prices	Shares	Options outstanding		Options exercisable	
	Outstanding	Weighted Weighted		Number	Weighted

		average contractual life remaining	average exercise price \$ USD	Exercisable	average exercise price \$ USD
< \$50.00		-	-	-	-
\$50.00 - \$399.99	-	-	-	-	-
\$400.00 - \$449.99	-	-	-	-	-
\$450.00 and above		-			
		-	-	-	-

The following table summarises the information about stock options outstanding under the programme at December 31, 2015:

Range of exercise prices	Shares	Options outstanding		Options exercisable		
	Outstanding	Weighted average contractual life remaining	Weighted average exercise price \$ USD	Number Exercisable	Weighted average exercise price \$ USD	
< \$50.00	-	-	-	-	-	
\$50.00 - \$399.99	-	-	-	-	-	
\$400.00 - \$449.99	-	-	-	-	-	
\$450.00 and above		-				
	-	-	-	-	-	

35.3 Stock award programme

The Bank offers a stock award programme, under which shares are awarded in the form of restricted or deferred stock to certain employees. During the applicable vesting period, the shares awarded cannot be sold or transferred by the employees, and the award is subject to cancellation if the employment is terminated. Stock awards granted generally vest over a four year period.

Information with respect to unvested stock awards is as follows:

	2016		20	015
	Shares	Weighted average share price \$ USD	Shares	Weighted average share price \$ USD
Unvested at the beginning of the year	4,098	46.9	4,092	44.5
Awards	2,986	37.1	2,000	50.1
Cancellations	-	-	-	-
Deletions	-	-	-	-
Vestings	-	-	(1,994)	45.2
Unvested at the end of the year	7,084	42.8	4,098	46.9

^{35.4} Net charge/ (reversal) of Rs.3.912 million (2015: Rs. 8.464 million) was recognised in equity arising mainly due to fair value adjustment as required by IFRS 2 - Share Based Payment. As of December 31, 2016 recognised liability for outstanding share based incentive plans was Rs.165.036 million (2015: Rs. 159.593million). Fair value of shares has been determined on the basis of market value of shares of Citigroup Inc. as at December 31, 2016. i.e. \$ USD 37.05 (2015: \$ USD 51.75) per share.

36 COMPENSATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND EXECUTIVES

	Citi Country	y Officer	Execut	ives
	2016	2015	2016	2015
		(Rupees i	n '000)	
Managerial remuneration	48,721	50,266	340,149	255,522
Charge for defined benefit plan	1,999	1,666	21,504	15,969
Contribution to defined contribution plan	2,400	2,000	18,687	19,171
Rent and house maintenance	9,719	8,239	91,022	76,683
Utilities	4,592	4,214	37,392	32,344
Medical	1,034	-	3,412	3,010
Others	2,987	3,209	33,431	27,322
	71,452	69,594	545,597	430,021
Number of persons	1	1	146	123

The Bank also provides free use of furnished accommodation to the Citi Country Officer (CCO) and bank maintained cars to the CCO and certain Executives.

37 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

'Fair value' is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Bank has access at that date.

37.1 The table below analyses financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised:

				C	arrying Value				Fair	Value	
	Note	Available for Sale	Held for trading	Loans and Receivables	Other financial Assets	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value				(I	Rupees in '000)				(Rupees	in '000) -	
Investments											
Market Treasury Bills		29,613,378	22,992,968	-	-	-	52,606,346	-	52,606,346	-	52,606,34
Pakistan Investment Bonds		14,069,897	-	-	-	-	14,069,897	-	14,069,897	-	14,069,89
Fully Paid-up Ordinary Shares		-	-	-	-	-	-				, ,
Financial assets not measured at fair value											
Cash and balances with treasury banks	37.2	-	-	-	5,480,867	-	5,480,867	-	-	-	-
Balances with other banks	37.2	-	-	-	1,542,895	-	1,542,895	-	-	-	-
Lendings to financial institutions	37.2	-	-	-	13,325,003	-	13,325,003	-	-	-	-
Advances - net	37.2	-	-	-	21,421,510	-	21,421,510	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	37.2	-	-	-	1,974,689	-	1,974,689	-	-	-	-
		43,683,275	22,992,968	-	43,744,964	-	110,421,207	-	66,676,243	-	66,676,24
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value											
Bills payable	37.2	-	-	-	-	2,524,303	2,524,303				
Borrowings from financial institutions	37.2	-	-	-	-	18,394,904	18,394,904				
Deposits and other accounts	37.2	-	-	-	-	75,076,382	75,076,382				
Other financial liabilities	37.2	-	-	-	-	5,805,541	5,805,541				
		-	-	-	-	101,801,130	101,801,130				
									2016		
Off balance sheet financial instruments									Fair '	Value	
							Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Forward foreign exchange purchase contracts							121,436,578	(Rt	120,993,943	-	120,993,94
Forward foreign exchange sale contracts							102 510 820		104 242 719		104 242 7
							103,510,839		104,343,718	-	104,343,7
Forward purchase of trading securities							210,813		209,761		209,7
Cross currency and interest rate derivative contracts							5,961,225	-	6,061,660	-	6,061,60
On balance sheet financial instruments						2015					
				(Carrying Value				Fair	Value	
	Note	Available for	Held for	Loans and	Other financial	Other financial	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		Sale	trading	Receivables	Assets Rupees in '000)	liabilities			(D	i 1000)	
Financial assets measured at fair value				(1	Rupees in 000)				(Rupees	in 000)	
Investments											
Market Treasury Bills		5,377,383	3,554,195	-	-	-	8,931,578	-	8,931,578	-	8,931,5
Pakistan Investment Bonds		35,312,288	4,341,251	-	-	-	39,653,539	-	39,653,539	-	39,653,5
Fully Paid-up Ordinary Shares							-				
Financial assets not measured at fair value					1 000 200	-	4,809,308	-	-	-	-
Financial assets not measured at fair value Cash and balances with treasury banks	37.2	-	-	-	4,809,308						
	37.2 37.2	-	-	-	4,809,308 704,912	-	704,912	-	-	-	-
Cash and balances with treasury banks		- -	- -			-	704,912 8,464,057	-	-	-	-
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks	37.2	- - -	- - -	-	704,912			-	- -	-	-
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions	37.2 37.2			-	704,912 8,464,057	-	8,464,057			- - -	-

Bills payable	37.2	-	-	-	-	1,766,257	1,766,257
Borrowings from financial institutions	37.2	-	-	-	-	7,003,479	7,003,479
Deposits and other accounts	37.2	-	-	-	-	61,742,683	61,742,683
Other financial liabilities	37.2	-	-	-	-	7,336,881	7,336,881
		-	-	-	-	77,849,300	77,849,300

	2014					
Off balance sheet financial instruments			Fair '	Value		
	Carrying Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
		(R	upees in '000)			
Forward foreign exchange contracts - purchase	99,992,028	_	99,971,466	-	99,971,466	
Forward foreign exchange contracts - sale	102,542,917	-	102,650,710	-	102,650,710	
Cross currency and interest rate derivative contracts	6,083,675		77,427	-	77,427	

The Bank measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Fair value measurements using input for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

37.2 The Bank has not disclosed the fair values for these financial assets and liabilities, as these are short term or reprice over short term. Therefore their carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value.

37.3 The fair value of traded investments other than those classified as held to maturity is based on quoted market price. Fair value of unquoted equity investments is determined on the basis of break-up value of these investments as per the latest available audited financial statements.

Fair value of fixed term loans, other assets, other liabilities and fixed term deposits cannot be calculated with sufficient reliability due to absence of current and active market for such assets and liabilities and reliable data regarding market rates for similar instruments. The provision for impairment of loans and advances has been calculated in accordance with the Bank's accounting policy as stated in note 5.4 to these financial statements.

The repricing profile, effective rates and maturity are stated in note 41.2.3 to these financial statements.

In the opinion of the management, the fair value of the remaining financial assets and liabilities are not significantly different from their carrying values since assets and liabilities are either short term in nature or in the case of customer loans and deposits are frequently repriced.

38 SEGMENT DETAILS WITH RESPECT TO BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

The Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) is the Managing Director and Citi Country Officer of the Bank. The segment analysis with respect to business activity presented to the CODM is as follows:

		2016	
	Corporate	Trading &	Total
	Banking	Sales	
		(Rupees in '000)	
External revenue			
Mark-up / return / interest earned	1,526,936	4,192,154	5,719,090
Fee, commission and brokerage	816,831	-	816,831
Trading income	-	-	-
Other income	2,250	3,538,748	3,540,998
Intersegment revenue	3,154,666	(3,154,666)	-
Total revenue	5,500,683	4,576,236	10,076,919
Depreciation and amortisation	(64,071)	(64,071)	(128,142)
Impairment of assets	-	-	-
Other immaterial non cash items	-	-	-
Other expenses	(4,550,135)	(2,197,537)	(6,747,672)
Total expenses	(4,614,206)	(2,261,608)	(6,875,814)
Reportable segment profit	886,477	2,314,628	3,201,105
Tax expense	-	-	-
	24 591 (22	-	-
Segment assets	24,581,622	87,468,762	112,050,384
Segment liabilities	82,878,589	18,951,617	101,830,206
Segment return on net assets	3.6%	3.1%	3.2%
Segment cost of funds	3.4%	1.3%	3.1%
		2015	

		2015	
	Corporate	Trading &	Total
	Banking	Sales	
		- (Rupees in '000)	
External revenue			
Mark-up / return / interest earned	2,013,115	3,948,550	5,961,665
Fee, commission and brokerage	471,785	-	471,785
Trading income	-	-	-
Other income	3,865	3,387,201	3,391,066
Intersegment revenue	2,798,558	(2,798,558)	-
Total revenue	5,287,323	4,537,193	9,824,516
Depreciation and amortisation	(21,535)	(50,249)	(71,784)
Impairment of assets	-	-	-
Other immaterial non cash items	-	-	-
Other expenses	(4,268,119)	(1,875,390)	(6,143,509)
Total expenses	(4,289,654)	(1,925,639)	(6,215,293)
Reportable segment profit	997,669	2,611,554	3,609,223
Tax expense	-	-	-
Segment assets	25,298,845	- 63,344,640	- 88,643,485
Segment liabilities	70,609,597	7,267,320	77,876,917
Segment return on net assets*	4.3%	4.0%	4.10%
Segment cost of funds**	3.9%	2.4%	3.7%
-			

* Segment return of net assets = Net income / Average (Segment Assets - Segment Provisions)

** Segment cost of funds have been computed based on the average balances.

39 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with related parties comprise of transactions in the normal course of business with other branches of Citibank, N.A. outside Pakistan, other direct and indirect subsidiaries of Citigroup, retirement benefit plans and key management personnel of the Bank.

Banking transactions with the related parties are executed substantially on the same terms, including mark-up rates and collateral, as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with unrelated parties and do not involve more than

Contributions to and accruals in respect of staff retirements and other benefit plans are made in accordance with the actuarial valuations / terms of the contribution plan. Remuneration to executives is determined in accordance with the terms of their appointment.

39.1 Details of significant transactions with related parties and balances with them as at year end are as follows:

	Balance as at December 31, 2015	Net placements / disbursements / deposits / transfers	Net settlements / repayments / withdrawals / transfers	Balance as at December 31, 2016
		(Rupees in '00	0)	
Deposits				
Associated undertakings	583,903	1,059,153	(1,040,997)	602,059
Staff retirement benefit funds	9,572	191,258	(188,609)	12,221
			2016	2015
	~		(Rupee	s '000)
Nostro balances / placements with outside Pakistan	Citibank Branches		1 474 014	5 481 015
Overdrawn Nostro Accounts			1,474,014 87,685	5,481,015
Unremitted head office expenses			882,605	- 792,257
Markup / return / interest receivable	2		6,374	4,171
Markup / return / interest payable	-		1,177	78
Payable for expenses and share base	ed payment		214,516	194,154
Payable to defined benefit plan	1 2		176,995	144,058
Commitments in respect of forward	exchange contracts		,	
Purchase			22,437,431	28,761,393
Sale			22,428,603	28,918,895
Unrealised (loss) on forward foreig	n exchange contracts -	purchase	(120,488)	(99,573)
Unrealised (loss) / gain on forward	foreign exchange contr	acts - sale	108,913	(86,438)
Contribution to staff retirement ben	efit funds		70,760	89,031
Call borrowings			18,304,738	-
Counter guarantees to branches			916,657	4,189,848
Payable on account of sale proceed	s of shares sold by an a	ssociated undertaking	372,828	-
Income / expense for the year				
Mark-up / return / interest earned			13,534	4,508
Mark-up / return / interest expensed			51,645	8,363
Fee, commission and brokerage inc	ome		11,599	41,272
Other income			44,979	22,093
Regional expenses for support serve	ices		11,237	41,657
Head office expenses			287,775	216,475
Remuneration of key management j	personnel		71,452	69,594
Gain on sale of securities			402	3,219

40 CAPITAL ASSESSMENT AND ADEQUACY BASEL SPECIFIC

40.1 The State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) through BPRD circular No. 6 dated 15 August 2013 has issued Basel III capital instruction for Bank's / DFI's. The reviews to the previously applicable capital adequacy regulation pertain to components of eligible capital and related disclosures. Further SBP has introduced new guidelines with respect to disclosure of capital adequacy related information in the financial statements of banks vide its communication dated November 5, 2014. The SBP has specified a transitional period till 2018 for implementation of Basel III. The disclosures below have been prepared on the basis of these new guidelines.

Capital Management

The objective of managing capital is to safeguard the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it could continue to provide adequate returns to investors by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk. It is the policy of the Bank to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business.

Statutory minimum capital requirement and management of capital

The State Bank of Pakistan through its BSD Circular No. 07 dated April 15, 2009 has prescribed the minimum paid-up capital (net of losses) for Banks / Development Finance Institutions to be raised to Rs.10 billion by the year ending December 31, 2013. The raise is to be achieved in a phased manner requiring Rs. 10 billion capital (net of losses) from the end of the financial year 2013 onwards. However, branches of foreign banks operating in Pakistan whose head office holds paid-up capital (free of losses) of atleast US\$ 300 million, have a CAR of 8% or minimum prescribed by the home regulator and have prescribed number of branches, are allowed to maintain lower amount with prior approval of SBP. In this regard the Bank is maintaining higher capital to support business requirements.

The Head office capital account of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2016 stands at Rs 6.813 billion and is in compliance with the SBP requirement for the said year. In addition the banks are also required to maintain a minimum Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) of 10.65% of the risk weighted exposures of the Bank as of December 31, 2016. The Bank's CAR as at December 31, 2016 was 30.09% of its risk weighted exposure.

40.2 Capital Structure

Under Basel III framework, Bank's regulatory capital has been analysed into two tiers as follows:

- Tier 1 capital (going concern capital) which is sub divided into:
- a) Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1), which includes fully paid up capital, reserve for bonus issue, general reserves and un-appropriated profits (net of losses), etc after deductions for investments in the equity of subsidiary companies engaged in banking and financial activities (to the extent of 50%), reciprocal crossholdings and deficit on revaluation of available for sale investments and deduction for book value of intangibles.
- b) Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1), which includes instruments issued by the Bank which meet the specified criteria after deduction of remaining 50% investment in the equity of subsidiary companies engaged in banking and financial activities and other specified deductions.
 - Tier II capital, which includes general provisions for loan losses (upto a maximum of 1.25% of credit risk weighted assets), reserves on revaluation of fixed assets and available for sale investments after deduction of deficit on available for sale investments.

Banking operations are categorised in either the trading book or the banking book and risk weighted assets are determined according to the specified requirements that seek to reflect the varying levels of risk attached to assets and off balance sheet exposures.

The required capital adequacy ratio is achieved by the Bank through:

- a) Adequate level of paid up capital;
- b) Adequate risk profile of asset mix;
- c) Ensuring better recovery management; and
- d) Maintaining acceptable profit margins.

40.3 Capital adequacy ratio

The capital to risk weighted assets ratio, calculated in accordance with the SBP guidelines on capital adequacy, under Basel III and Pre-Basel III treatment using Standardised Approach for Credit and Market Risk and Basic Indicator Approach for Operational Risk is presented below:

40.4 Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) disclosure template:

	Capital Aucquacy Ratio (CAR) disclosure template.	2016 (Rupees i	2015 in ' 000)
		Amount	Amount
Rows #	Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1): Instruments and reserves		
1	Fully Paid-up Capital/ Capital deposited with SBP	6,812,671	6,812,671
2	Balance in Share Premium Account		
3	Reserve for issue of Bonus Shares		
4	Discount on Issue of shares		1.54.50
5	General/ Statutory Reserves	168,704	164,791
6	Gain/(Losses) on derivatives held as Cash Flow Hedge	2 1 5 1 2 1 5	
7	Unappropriated/unremitted profits/ (losses)	3,174,345	3,602,788
8	Minority Interests arising from CET1 capital instruments issued to third parties by consolidated bank subsidiaries (amount allowed in CET1 capital of the consolidation group)		
9	CET 1 before Regulatory Adjustments	10,155,720	10,580,25
10	Total regulatory adjustments applied to CET1 (Note 40.5)		
11	Common Equity Tier 1	10,155,720	10,580,25
	Additional Tier 1 (AT 1) Capital		
12	Qualifying Additional Tier-1 capital instruments plus any related share premium	-	-
13	of which: Classified as equity	-	-
14	of which: Classified as liabilities	-	-
15	Additional Tier-1 capital instruments issued to third parties by consolidated subsidiaries (amount allowed in group AT 1)	-	_
16	of which: instrument issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out		-
17	AT1 before regulatory adjustments		-
18	Total regulatory adjustment applied to AT1 capital (Note 40.6)	-	-
19	Additional Tier 1 capital after regulatory adjustments	-	-
20	Additional Tier 1 capital recognized for capital adequacy	-	-
21	$T_{ion} = 1 Control (CET1 + odminstello AT1) (11 + 20)$	10 155 720	10 590 25
21	Tier 1 Capital (CET1 + admissible AT1) (11+20)	10,155,720	10,580,25
	Tier 2 Capital	-	-
22	Qualifying Tier 2 capital instruments under Basel III plus any related share premium	-	-
23	Tier 2 capital instruments subject to phaseout arrangement issued under pre-Basel 3 rules	-	-
24	Tier 2 capital instruments issued to third parties by consolidated subsidiaries (amount allowed in group tier 2)	-	-
25	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	-	-
26	General provisions or general reserves for loan losses-up to maximum of 1.25% of Credit Risk Weighted Assets	214	21
27	Revaluation Reserves (net of taxes)		
28	of which: Revaluation reserves on fixed assets	-	-
29	of which: Unrealized gains/losses on AFS	64,458	186,31
30	Foreign Exchange Translation Reserves	-	-
31	Undisclosed/Other Reserves (if any)	-	_
32	T2 before regulatory adjustments	64,672	186,53
33	Total regulatory adjustment applied to T2 capital (Note 40.7)	-	
34	Tier 2 capital (T2) after regulatory adjustments	-	-
35	Tier 2 capital recognized for capital adequacy	-	-
36	Portion of Additional Tier 1 capital recognized in Tier 2 capital	-	-
37	Total Tier 2 capital admissible for capital adequacy	64,672	186,53
38	TOTAL CAPITAL (T1 + admissible T2) (21+37)	10,220,392	10,766,78
39	Total Risk Weighted Assets (RWA) {for details refer Note 40.11}	33,961,701	34,049,23
~ /			2 1,0 19,20
40	Capital Ratios and buffers (in percentage of risk weighted assets)	20.000/	21.05
40	CET1 to total RWA	29.90%	31.07
41	Tier-1 capital to total RWA	29.90%	31.07
42	Total capital to total RWA Park analisis buffer requirement (minimum CET) requirement also capital concernation buffer also any other	30.09%	31.62
43	Bank specific buffer requirement (minimum CET1 requirement plus capital conservation buffer plus any other buffer requirement)	6.65%	6.25%
44	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	0.65%	0.25%
45	of which: countercyclical buffer requirement	0.00%	0.23%
45	of which: D-SIB or G-SIB buffer requirement	0.00%	0.00%
40	CET1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	29.90%	<u>0.00%</u> 31.07%
48	National minimum capital requirements prescribed by SBP CET1 minimum ratio	6.00%	6.00
48 49	Tier 1 minimum ratio	<u> </u>	7.50
<u>49</u> 50	Total capital minimum ratio	10.65%	10.25

	2	2016	2015
	(Rupees in '000)		
	Amount	Amounts	Amount
Decidetary Adjustments and Additional Information		subject to Pre-	
Regulatory Adjustments and Additional Information		Basel III	
		treatment*	

40.5	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: Regulatory adjustments			
1	Goodwill (net of related deferred tax liability)		7	
2	All other intangibles (net of any associated deferred tax liability)	-		0
3	Shortfall in provisions against classified assets			
4	Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax		1	
	liability)		4	
5	Defined-benefit pension fund net assets		.	
6	Reciprocal cross holdings in CET1 capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities		4	
7	Cash flow hedge reserve		4	
8	Investment in own shares/ CET1 instruments			
9	Securitization gain on sale			
10	Capital shortfall of regulated subsidiaries			
11	Deficit on account of revaluation from bank's holdings of fixed assets/ AFS		l	
12	Investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)			
13	Significant investments in the common stocks of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)			
14	Deferred Tax Assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)		1	
15	Amount exceeding 15% threshold		1	
16	of which: significant investments in the common stocks of financial entities		1	
17	of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences		1	
18	National specific regulatory adjustments applied to CET1 capital		1	
19	Investments in TFCs of other banks exceeding the prescribed limit		1	
20	Any other deduction specified by SBP (mention details)		1	
21	Adjustment to CET1 due to insufficient AT1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions		1	
22	Total regulatory adjustments applied to CET1 (sum of 1 to 21)	-	1	0

0.6	Additional Tier-1 & Tier-1 Capital: regulatory adjustments	
23	Investment in mutual funds exceeding the prescribed limit [SBP specific adjustment]	
24	Investment in own AT1 capital instruments	
25	Reciprocal cross holdings in Additional Tier 1 capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities	
26	Investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	
27	Significant investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	
28	Portion of deduction applied 50:50 to Tier-1 and Tier-2 capital based on pre-Basel III treatment which, during transitional period, remain subject to deduction from additional tier-1 capital	
29	Adjustments to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions	
30	Total regulatory adjustment applied to AT1 capital (sum of 23 to 29)	

40.7	Tier 2 Capital: regulatory adjustments		
31	Portion of deduction applied 50:50 to Tier-1 and Tier-2 capital based on pre-Basel III treatment which, during transitional	;	!
	period, remain subject to deduction from tier-2 capital		!
32	Reciprocal cross holdings in Tier 2 instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities		

33	Investment in own Tier 2 capital instrument	
34	Investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	
35	Significant investments in the capital instruments issued by banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	
36	Total regulatory adjustment applied to T2 capital (sum of 31 to 35)	

		(Rupees in '00		
10.8	Additional Information	Amount	Amount	
	Risk Weighted Assets subject to pre-Basel III treatment			
37	Risk weighted assets in respect of deduction items (which during the transitional period will be risk weighted subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment)	-	-	
(i)	of which: deferred tax assets	-	-	
(ii)	of which: Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	-	-	
(iii)	of which: Recognized portion of investment in capital of banking, financial and insurance entities where holding is less than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity	-	-	
(iv)	of which: Recognized portion of investment in capital of banking, financial and insurance entities where holding is more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity	-	-	
	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting)			
38	Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial entities	-	-	
39	Significant investments in the common stock of financial entities	-	-	
40	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	-	-	
	Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2			
41	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardized approach (prior to application of cap)	-	-	
42	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardized approach	-	-	
43	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap)	-	-	
44	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach	-	-	

Table: 40.9.1	Balance sheet of the published financial statements	Under regulatory scope of consolidation
(in thousand PKR)	As at December 31, 2016	As at December 31, 2016
Assets (1)	(2)	(3)
Cash and balances with treasury banks	5,480,867	5,480,867
Balanced with other banks	1,542,895	1,542,895
Lending to financial institutions	13,325,003	13,325,003
Investments - net	66,676,243	66,676,243
Advances - net	21,421,510	21,421,510
Operating fixed assets	579,296	579,296
Deferred tax assets - net	133,999	133,999
Other assets	2,890,571	2,890,571
Total assets	112,050,384	112,050,384

Liabilities & Equity		
Bills payable	2,524,303	2,524,303
Borrowings	18,394,904	18,394,904
Deposits and other accounts	75,076,382	75,076,382
Sub-ordinated loans	-	-
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	-	-
Other liabilities	5,834,617	5,834,617
Total liabilities	101,830,206	101,830,206

Share capital/ Head office capital account	6,812,671	6,812,671
Reserves	168,704	168,704
Unappropriated/ Unremitted profit/ (losses)	3,174,345	3,174,345
Minority Interest	-	-
Surplus on revaluation of assets	64,458	64,458
Total liabilities & equity	112,050,384	112,050,384

Table: 40.9.2	Balance sheet as in published financial statements	Under regulatory scope of consolidation	Reference
	As at December 31, 2016	As at December 31, 2016	
Assets (1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Cash and balances with treasury banks	5,480,867	5,480,867	
Balanced with other banks	1,542,895	1,542,895	
Lending to financial institutions	13,325,003	13,325,003	
Investments - net	66,676,243	66,676,243	
of which: Non-significant investments in the capital instruments of			
banking, financial and insurance entities exceeding 10% threshold	-	-	а
of which: significant investments in the capital instruments issued by			
banking, financial and insurance entities exceeding regulatory threshold	-	-	b
of which: Mutual Funds exceeding regulatory threshold	-	-	с
of which: reciprocal crossholding of capital instrument (separate for			
<i>CET1, AT1, T2)</i>	-	-	d
of which: others (mention details)	-	-	e
Advances - net	21,421,724	21,421,724	
shortfall in provisions/ excess of total EL amount over eligible			
provisions under IRB	-	-	f
general provisions reflected in Tier 2 capital	214	214	ъ
Fixed Assets	579,296	579,296	
Deferred Tax Assets - net	133,999	133,999	
of which: DTAs that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from			
temporary differences	-	-	h
of which: DTAs arising from temporary differences exceeding regulatory			
threshold	-	-	i
Other assets	2,890,571	2,890,571	
of which: Goodwill	-	-	j
of which: Intangibles	-	-	k
of which: Defined-benefit pension fund net assets		-	1
Total assets	112,050,384	112,050,384	
Liabilities & Equity			
Bills payable	2,524,303	2,524,303	
Borrowings	18,394,904	18,394,904	
Deposits and other accounts	75,076,382	75,076,382	

Deposits and other accounts	75,076,382	75,076,382	
Sub-ordinated loans	-	-	
of which: eligible for inclusion in AT1	-	-	m
of which: eligible for inclusion in Tier 2	-	-	n
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		-	
Deferred tax liabilities		-	
of which: DTLs related to goodwill		-	0
of which: DTLs related to intangible assets		-	р
of which: DTLs related to defined pension fund net assets		-	q
of which: other deferred tax liabilities		-	r
Other liabilities	5,834,617	5,834,617	
Total liabilities	101,830,206	101,830,206	

Share capital			
of which: amount eligible for CET1	6,812,671	6,812,671	S
of which: amount eligible for AT1	-	-	t
Reserves		-	
of which: portion eligible for inclusion in CET1(provide breakup)	168,704	168,704	u
of which: portion eligible for inclusion in Tier 2	-	-	v
Unappropriated profit/ (losses)	3,174,345	3,174,345	W
Minority Interest		-	
of which: portion eligible for inclusion in CET1		-	Х
of which: portion eligible for inclusion in AT1		-	У
of which: portion eligible for inclusion in Tier 2		-	Z
Surplus on revaluation of assets		-	
of which: Revaluation reserves on Fixed Assets		-	0.0
of which: Unrealized Gains/Losses on AFS	64,458	64,458	aa
In case of Deficit on revaluation (deduction from CET1)	-	-	ab
Total liabilities & Equity	112,050,384	112,050,384	

	Basel III Disclosure Template (with added column)					
	Table: 40.9.3	Component of regulatory capital reported by bank	Source based on reference number from step 2			
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1): Instruments and reserves					
1	Fully Paid-up Capital/ Capital deposited with SBP	6,812,671				
2	Balance in Share Premium Account	-	(s)			
3	Reserve for issue of Bonus Shares	-				
4	General/ Statutory Reserves	168,704	(11)			
5	Gain/(Losses) on derivatives held as Cash Flow Hedge	-	(u)			
6	Unappropriated/unremitted profits/ (losses)	3,174,345	(w)			
7	Minority Interests arising from CET1 capital instruments issued to third party					
	by consolidated bank subsidiaries (amount allowed in CET1 capital of the		(x)			
	consolidation group)	-				
8	CET 1 before Regulatory Adjustments	10,155,720				
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: Regulatory adjustments					
9	Goodwill (net of related deferred tax liability)		(j) - (o)			
10	All other intangibles (net of any associated deferred tax liability)	-	(k) - (p)			
11	Shortfall of provisions against classified assets		(f)			
12	Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from					
	temporary differences (net of related tax liability)		${(h) - (r) * x\%}$			
13	Defined-benefit pension fund net assets		$\{(1) - (q)\} * x\%$			
14	Reciprocal cross holdings in CET1 capital instruments		(d)			
15	Cash flow hedge reserve					
16	Investment in own shares/ CET1 instruments					
17	Securitization gain on sale					
18	Capital shortfall of regulated subsidiaries					
19	Deficit on account of revaluation from bank's holdings of fixed assets/ AFS		(ab)			
20	Investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance					
	entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank		(a) - (ac) - (ae)			
	does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10%					
21	Significant investments in the capital instruments issued by banking, financial					
	and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation		(b) - (ad) - (af)			
	(amount above 10% threshold)					
22	Deferred Tax Assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10%					
	threshold, net of related tax liability)		(i)			
23	Amount exceeding 15% threshold					
24	of which: significant investments in the common stocks of financial entities]			
25	of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences]			
26	National specific regulatory adjustments applied to CET1 capital]			
27	of which: Investment in TFCs of other banks exceeding the prescribed limit					
28	of which: Any other deduction specified by SBP (mention details)					
29	Regulatory adjustment applied to CET1 due to insufficient AT1 and Tier 2 to					
	cover deductions					
30	Total regulatory adjustments applied to CET1 (sum of 9 to 29)]			
31	Common Equity Tier 1	10,155,720]			
	$A = \frac{1}{2} + $		-			

	Additional Tier 1 (AT 1) Capital		_
32	Qualifying Additional Tier-1 instruments plus any related share premium	-	
33	of which: Classified as equity	-	(t)
34	of which: Classified as liabilities	-	(m)
35	Additional Tier-1 capital instruments issued by consolidated subsidiaries and		
	held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT 1)	-	(y)
36	of which: instrument issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out		
37	AT1 before regulatory adjustments	-	

Γ	Basel III Disclosure Template (with added column)						
	Table: 40.9.3	Component of regulatory capital reported by bank	Source based on reference number from step 2				
	Additional Tier 1 Capital: regulatory adjustments		-				
	nvestment in mutual funds exceeding the prescribed limit (SBP specific						
	adjustment)						
	Investment in own AT1 capital instruments						
	Reciprocal cross holdings in Additional Tier 1 capital instruments						
	investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance						
	entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank loes not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10%		(22)				
	Significant investments in the capital instruments issued by banking, financial		(ac)				
	and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation		(ad)				
	Portion of deduction applied 50:50 to core capital and supplementary capital		(au)				
	based on pre-Basel III treatment which, during transitional period, remain						
	subject to deduction from tier-1 capital						
	Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2						
	o cover deductions						
	Total of Regulatory Adjustment applied to AT1 capital (sum of 38 to 44)		t				
	Additional Tier 1 capital		1				
	Additional Tier 1 capital recognized for capital adequacy]				
			-				
48 ′	Tier 1 Capital (CET1 + admissible AT1) (31+47)	10,155,720	Ι				
,							
	Tier 2 Capital Qualifying Tier 2 capital instruments under Basel III plus any related share						
	premium						
1	Capital instruments subject to phase out arrangement from tier 2 (Pre-Basel III						
	nstruments)		(n)				
	Tier 2 capital instruments issued to third party by consolidated subsidiaries		(11)				
	amount allowed in group tier 2)		(z)				
52	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out						
53 (General Provisions or general reserves for loan losses-up to maximum of 1.25%						
	of Credit Risk Weighted Assets	214	(g)				
54	Revaluation Reserves						
55	of which: Revaluation reserves on fixed assets		nortion of (as)				
56	of which: Unrealized Gains/Losses on AFS	64,458	portion of (aa)				
57]	Foreign Exchange Translation Reserves		(v)				
	Undisclosed/Other Reserves (if any)						
	T2 before regulatory adjustments	64,672					
	Tier 2 Capital: regulatory adjustments		7				
	Portion of deduction applied 50:50 to core capital and supplementary capital						
	based on pre-Basel III treatment which, during transitional period, remain						
	subject to deduction from tier-2 capital						
	Reciprocal cross holdings in Tier 2 instruments		ł				
	Investment in own Tier 2 capital instrument Investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance						
	entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank						
	loes not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10%						
	hreshold)		(ae)				
	Significant investments in the capital instruments issued by banking, financial		(40)				
	and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation		(af)				
	Amount of Regulatory Adjustment applied to T2 capital (sum of 60 to 64)		()/				
	Tier 2 capital (T2)	64,672	1				
	Tier 2 capital recognized for capital adequacy	64,672	1				
	Excess Additional Tier 1 capital recognized in Tier 2 capital]				
	Total Tier 2 capital admissible for capital adequacy	64,672					
70 ′	TOTAL CAPITAL (T1 + admissible T2) (48+69)	10,220,392	1				

	Main Features	Government Securities
1	Issuer	Government of Pakistan
2	Unique identifier (eg KSE Symbol or Bloomberg identifier etc.)	N/A
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	State Bank of Pakistan
5	Regulatory treatment	State Dank of Fakistan
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier 1
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier 1
6	Eligible at solo/ group/ group&solo	Solo
7	Instrument type	Government Securities
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in PKR	
U	thousands, as of reporting date)	6,812,6
9	Par value of instrument	N/A
10	Accounting classification	Head Office Capital Account
11	Original date of issuance	Various
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	Various
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	N/A
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	N/A
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N/A
10	Coupons / dividends	14/11
17	Fixed or floating dividend/ coupon	N/A
18	coupon rate and any related index/ benchmark	N/A
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	N/A
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	N/A
20	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	N/A
21	Noncumulative or cumulative	N/A
22	Convertible or non-convertible	N/A N/A
24	If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	N/A
25	If convertible, fully or partially	N/A
26	If convertible, conversion rate	N/A
20	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N/A
28	If convertible, manuatory of optional conversion If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N/A
29	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N/A
30	Write-down feature	N/A
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N/A
32	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N/A N/A
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	N/A N/A
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up	N/A N/A
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify	1 1/ / 1
55	instrument type immediately senior to instrument	N/A
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	N/A N/A
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	N/A N/A

40.11 Risk Weighted Assets

The capital requirements for the banking group as per the major risk categories should be indicated in the manner given below:-

	Capital Requ	uirements	Risk Weighted Assets		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Credit Risk					
On-Balance sheet					
Portfolios subject to standardized approach (Simple or Comprehensive)					
Cash and other liquid Assets	33,822	17,850	317,582	178,50	
Money at call / Repurchase agreement lendings	13,813	98,476	129,696	984,75	
Investments	-	-	-	-	
Loans and Advances	1,213,089	1,204,021	11,390,510	12,040,20	
Fixed Assets	61,695	45,833	579,296	458,33	
Deferred tax assets - net	35,677	50,272	334,995	502,71	
Other Assets	16,756	15,594	157,334	155,94	
	1,374,852	1,432,046	12,909,413	14,320,46	
Portfolios subject to Internal Rating Based (IRB) Approach					
e.g. Corporate, Sovereign, Corporate, Retail, Securitization etc.					
Off-Balance sheet					
Loan Repayment Guarantees	-	-	-	-	
Purchase and Resale Agreements	13,993	1,420	131,393	14,19	
Commitment in respect of forward purchase contract of government security	-	-	-	-	
Performance Bonds etc	52,902	54,192	496,733	541,92	
Shipping	73	68	683	68	
Revolving underwriting Commitments	60,934	38,687	572,147	386,86	
Stand By Letters of Credit	442,934	576,779	4,159,005	5,767,79	
Commitment in respect of Cross Currency and interest rate derivative contracts	3,416	2,322	32,077	23,22	
Commitment in respect of Foreign currency options	-	-	-	-	
Outstanding Foreign Exchange Contracts	83,196	87,049	781,184	870,49	
Commitments in respect of capital expenditure	5,665	11,588	53,192	115,884	
	663,113	772,105	6,226,414	7,721,05	
Credit Risk-weighted Exposures	2,037,965	2,204,151	19,135,827	22,041,51	
Equity Exposure Risk in the Banking Book					
Under simple risk weight method	-	-	-	-	
e.g. Listed, Unlisted					
Under Internal models approach	-	-	-	-	
Market Risk					
Capital Requirement for portfolios subject to Standardized Approach					
Interest rate risk	210,457	67,611	2,630,711	845,15	
Equity position risk	-	-	-	-	
Foreign Exchange risk	55,776	88,330	697,196	1,104,12	
Capital Requirement for portfolios subject to Internal Models Approach					
Operational Risk					
Capital Requirement for operational risks	919,837	804,676	11,497,967	10,058,44	
TOTAL	3,224,035	3,164,768	33,961,701	34,049,239	
	J== 1,000	5,107,700		5 1,0-17,23	

Conital Adaguage Dation	20	16	2015	
Capital Adequacy Ratios	Required	Actual	Required	Actual
CET1 to total RWA	6.00%	29.90%	6.00%	31.07%
Tier-1 capital to total RWA	7.50%	29.90%	7.50%	31.07%
Total capital to total RWA	10.65%	30.09%	10.25%	31.62%

41 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Head office capital account of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2016 stands at Rs 6.813 billion and is in compliance with the SBP requirement for the said year. In addition the banks are also required to maintain a minimum Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) of 10.65% of the risk weighted exposures of the Bank. The Bank's CAR as at December 31, 2016 was 30.09% of its risk weighted exposure.

- These standards are governed by specific policies which are defined and documented.
- Risks are measured using defined methodologies.
- Limits for credit, market and liquidity risks are approved by Risk Management, which is "independent" of the business areas.
- Dedicated risk management and control functions are in place for credit (Corporate and Consumer), market, liquidity and operational risks.

Additionally, Risk Management maintains oversight of the regulatory, economic, reputational and legal risks associated with the above-mentioned risk areas.

41.1 Credit risk

This represents the potential for financial loss resulting from the failure of a borrower or counterparty to honour its financial or contractual obligations arising out of activities which include lending, sales and trading, derivatives, securities transaction and settlement.

41.1.1 Corporate credit risk

This risk is managed through the following:

- Single centre of control for each credit relationship that coordinates credit activities with the borrower.
- Documented target market and portfolio concentration limits that establish the credit appetite and minimum acceptable standards (both borrower and industry specific), provide portfolio diversification and maintain risk / capital alignment.
- Consistent standards for credit origination, documentation and remedial management.
- Maintenance of accurate and consistent borrower risk ratings through use of statistical models (periodically validated) or approved scoring methodologies after taking into consideration the available credit risk mitigates.
- Periodic stress testing of the credit portfolio based on emerging or expected risk events.

41.1.2 Consumer credit risk

Independent credit risk management is responsible for establishing the Consumer credit policy, approving specific policies and procedures, providing ongoing assessment of Consumer portfolio risk and approving new products. The Consumer Credit Cycle management entails the following:

- Product approval.
- Consistent and prudent underwriting standards.
- Robust account management policies to manage the portfolio.
- Efficient collection and recovery unit to ensure acceptable loss norms.
- Reliable and accurate Management Information System to support informed decision making.
- Effective anti-fraud controls to minimize fraud losses.

41.1.3 Credit Risk - General Disclosures

The Bank has adopted standardised approach for calculation of capital charge against credit risk in line with SBP requirement.

41.1.4 Credit Risk: Disclosures for portfolio subject to the Standardised Approach

Under standardized approach the capital requirement is based on the credit rating assigned to the counterparties by the External Credit Assessment Institutions (ECAIs) duly recognized by SBP for capital adequacy purposes. In this connection, Bank utilizes the credit ratings assigned by ECAIs and has recognized agencies such as PACRA (Pakistan Credit Rating Agency), JCR-VIS (Japan Credit Rating Company - Vital Information System), Moody's and Standard & Poors which are also recognized by the SBP.

Types of exposures and ECAI's used:

Exposures	JCR-VIS	PACRA	Standard & Poors	Moody's
Corporate	v	~	N/A	N/A
Banks	¥	~	~	~
SME's	¥	✓	N/A	N/A
Public Sector Entities (PSEs)	×	~	N/A	N/A

Use of ECAI Ratings

The Bank prefers solicited ratings over unsolicited ratings at all times, owing to the greater degree of accuracy (in general) associated with solicited ratings as compared to unsolicited ratings. Unsolicited ratings may only be used in cases where a solicited rating is not available.

Mapping to SBP Rating Grades

The selected final ratings (after application of the principles stated above) for all exposures need to be translated to the standard rating grades given by the SBP. In this regard, the mapping tables to be used for converting ECAI ratings to SBP rating grades are given below:

SBP Rating grade	Fitch	Moody's	S & P	PACRA	JCR-VIS	ECA Scores
1	AAA	Aaa	AAA	AAA	AAA	0
	AA+	Aa1	AA+	AA+	AA+	1
	AA	Aa2	AA	AA	AA	
	AA-	Aa3	AA-	AA-	AA-	
2	A+	A1	\mathbf{A} +	A+	\mathbf{A} +	2
	А	A2	А	А	А	
	A-	A3	A-	A-	A-	
3	BBB+	Baa1	BBB+	BBB+	BBB+	3
	BBB	Baa2	BBB	BBB	BBB	
	BBB-	Baa3	BBB-	BBB-	BBB-	
4	BB+	Ba1	BB+	BB+	BB+	4
	BB	Ba2	BB	BB	BB	
	BB-	Ba3	BB-	BB-	BB-	
5	$\mathbf{B}+$	B 1	$\mathbf{B}+$	$\mathbf{B}+$	$\mathbf{B}+$	5
	В	B2	В	В	В	6
	B-	B3	B-	B-	B-	
6	CCC+ and	Caa1 and	CCC+ and	CCC	CCC	7
	below	below	below	CC	CC	
				С	С	
					D	

Long – Term Rating Grades Mapping

Short – Term Rating Grades Mapping

SBP Rating Grade	Fitch	Moody's	S & P	PACRA	JCR-VIS
S1	F1	P-1	A-1+	A-1+	A-1+
			A-1	A-1	A-1
S2	F2	P-2	A-2	A-2	A-2
S3	F3	P-3	A-3	A-3	A-3
S 4	Others	Others	Others	Others	Others

41.1.5 Credit Exposures subject to Standardised approach

For exposure amounts after risk mitigation subject to the standardized approach, amount of bank's / DFI's outstanding (rated & unrated) in each risk bucket as well as those that are deducted are as follows:

			2016			2015	
Exposures	Rating	Amount	Deduction	Net	Amount	Deduction	Net
	Category	Outstanding	CRM	amount	Outstanding	CRM	amount
				(Rupee	es '000)		
Corporate	1	5,887,647	-	5,887,647	5,364,494	-	5,364,494
	2	152,230	-	152,230	332,369	-	332,369
	3,4	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Unrated	64,298,267	(51,225)	64,247,042	63,362,155	(297,774)	63,064,381
Banks	1	28,307,269	(25,458,959)	2,848,310	10,010,873	(9,129,268)	881,605
	2	23,186,599	-	23,186,599	25,767,728	-	25,767,728
	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Unrated	130,343	-	130,343	4,818,086	-	4,818,086
Sovereigns etc		49,859,185	-	49,859,185	47,491,444	-	47,491,444
	4,5	9,003	-	9,003	23,816	-	23,816
Public sector entities	1	945,545	-	945,545	4,784,231	-	4,784,231
	2,3	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Unrated	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail	Unrated	118,903	-	118,903	225,714	-	225,714
Mortgage	Unrated	314,836	-	314,836	329,558	-	329,558
Others CRM= Credit Risk Mitig	Unrated gation	-	-	-	-	-	-

41.1.6 Credit Risk: Disclosures with respect to Credit Risk Mitigation for Standardised Approach

The Bank has adopted the Comprehensive Approach of Credit Risk Mitigation for the Banking Book. In instances where the Bank's exposure on an obligor is secured by collateral that conforms to the eligibility criteria under the Comprehensive Approach of CRM, then the Bank reduces its exposure under that particular transaction by taking into account the risk mitigating effect of the collateral for the calculation of capital requirement i.e. risk weight of the collateral instrument securing the exposure is substituted for the risk weight of the counter party.

The Bank accepts cash, lien on deposits, government securities under the Comprehensive Approach of Credit Risk Mitigation. The Bank has in place detailed guidelines with respect to valuation and management of various collateral types. In order to obtain the credit risk mitigation benefit, the Bank uses realizable value of eligible collaterals to the extent of outstanding exposure.

Counterparty ratings are obtained through the two local SBP authorized External Credit Rating Agencies; JCR VIS and PACRA and other international sources such as Standard and Poor's and Moody's. Credit risk assessment and the continuous monitoring of counterparty and portfolio credit exposures is carried out by the Credit Risk Management function.

The wholesale portfolio, which includes corporate and commercial are ideally collateralized by cash equivalents, fixed and current assets including property plant and equipment and land. Loans to individuals are typically secured by autos for car loans and private or income producing real estate is secured by a mortgage over the relevant property.

41.1.7 Credit concentration risk

Credit concentration risk arises mainly due to concentration of exposures under various categories viz. industry, geography, and single/group borrower exposures. Within credit portfolio, as a prudential measure aimed at better risk management and avoidance of concentration of risks, the SBP has prescribed regulatory limits on banks' maximum exposure to single borrowers and group borrowers.

41.1.8 Leverage ratio

The State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) through its BPRD Circular No. 06 of 2013 has issued instructions regarding implementation of parallel run of leverage ratio reporting and its components from December 31, 2013 to December 31, 2017. During this period the final calibration, and any further adjustments to the definition, will be completed with a view to set the leverage ratio as a seperate capital standard on December 31, 2018. Banks are required to disclosed the leverage ratio from December 31, 2015:

The Basel III leverage ratio is defined as the capital measure (the numerator) divided by the exposure measure (the denominator), with this ratio expressed as a percentage:

Leverage Ratio =	Tier 1 capital (after related deductions)
	Total Exposure

As at December 31, 2016 the Bank's Leverage ratio stood at 6.29% which is well above the minimum requirement of 3.0%

	2016 (Rupees in	2015 • 000)
On Balance Sheet Assets		4 000 000
Cash and balances with treasury banks	5,480,867	4,809,308
Balances with other banks	1,542,895	704,912
Lendings to financial institutions	13,325,003	8,464,057
Investments	66,676,243	48,585,117
Advances	21,421,510	21,389,597
Operating fixed assets	579,296	458,331
Deferred tax assets	133,999	201,088
Financial Derivatives (A.1)	1,226,119	920,814
Other assets	1,664,452	3,110,261
Total Assets (A)	112,050,384	88,643,485
Derivatives (On-Balance Sheet)	 1	
Interest Rate	130,272	76,673
Equity	-	-
Foreign Exchange & gold	1,095,847	844,141
Precious Metals (except gold)	-	-
Commodities	-	-
Credit Derivatives (protection brought & sold)	-	-
Any other derivatives	-	-
Total Derivatives (A.1)	1,226,119	920,814
Off-Balance Sheet items excluding derivatives		
Direct Credit Substitutes (i.e. Acceptances, general guarantees for indebtness etc.)	3,159,757	6,521,122
Performance-related Contingent Liabilities (i.e. Guarantees)	2,050,055	2,253,467
Trade-related Contingent Liabilities (i.e. Letter of Credits)	6,018,564	6,456,746
Lending of securities or posting of securties as collaterals	13,386,447	5,659,343
Undrawn committed facilities (which are not cancellable)	3,930,698	1,947,363
Unconditionally cancellable commitments (which can be cancelled at any time without notice)	5,810,080	6,115,012
Commitments in respect of operating leases	-	-
Commitments for the acquisition of operating fixed assets	53,192	115,884
Other commitments	13,447,883	6,284,460
Total Off-balance sheet items excluding derivatives (B)	47,856,676	35,353,397
C) Commitments in respect of Derivatives - Off Balance Sheet Items (Derivatives having negative fair value are also included)		
Interest Rate	29,500	29,500
Equity	29,300	29,500
Foreign Exchange & gold	1,417,216	1,628,534
Precious Metals (except gold)	1,417,210	1,020,554
Commodities	-	-
Credit Derivatives (protection sold and bought)	-	-
Other derivatives	-	-
Total Derivatives (c)		1,658,034
Tier-1 Capital	10,155,720	10,580,250
$T_{a} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^$	1(1 252 557	105 (54 01 (

125,654,916

8.42%

161,353,776

6.29%

Tier-1 Capital Total Exposure (sum of A, B and C) Leverage Ratio

41.1.9 Segmental information

41.1.9.1 Segments by class of business

		201	.6		
Advances	(Gross)	Depo	sits	Contingent	liabilities*
(Rupees in '000)	Percent	(Rupees in '000)	Percent	(Rupees in '000)	Percent
944,270	3.89%	2,378,944	3.17%	2,349,436	20.93%
1,827,663	7.52%	36,910	0.05%	141	0.00%
6,251,545	25.74%	8,912,722	11.87%	2,083,681	18.56%
-	0.00%	50	0.00%	-	0.00%
73,174	0.30%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
3,289,508	13.54%	909,633	1.21%	848,916	7.56%
-	0.00%	19,310,123	25.73%	348,529	3.10%
2,653	0.01%	337	0.00%	-	0.00%
957,194	3.94%	4,010,661	5.34%	475,225	4.23%
9,026	0.04%	481,891	0.64%	-	0.00%
6,853,060	28.22%	14,274,951	19.01%	1,042,420	9.28%
-	0.00%	2,094,639	2.79%	1,043,666	9.30%
589,798	2.43%	318,139	0.42%	-	0.00%
3,490,584	14.37%	22,347,382	29.77%	3,036,362	27.04%
24,288,475	100.0%	75,076,382	100.0%	11,228,376	100.0%
	(Rupees in '000) 944,270 1,827,663 6,251,545 - 73,174 3,289,508 - 2,653 957,194 9,026 6,853,060 - 589,798 3,490,584	'000) 944,270 3.89% 1,827,663 7.52% 6,251,545 25.74% - 0.00% 73,174 0.30% 3,289,508 13.54% - 0.00% 2,653 0.01% 957,194 3.94% 9,026 0.04% 6,853,060 28.22% - 0.00% 589,798 2.43% 3,490,584 14.37%	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

			201	5			
	Advances	(Gross)	Depo	sits	Contingent liabilities*		
	(Rupees in '000)	Percent	(Rupees in '000)	Percent	(Rupees in '000)	Percent	
Food manufacturing	2,739,007	11.20%	4,343,935	7.04%	1,482,300	9.73%	
Textile	2,137,077	8.74%	56,183	0.09%	141	0.00%	
Chemical and pharmaceuticals	5,471,026	22.37%	7,915,475	12.82%	2,259,158	14.83%	
Cement	-	0.00%	1,364	0.00%	-	0.00%	
Footwear and leather garments	73,174	0.30%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	
Automobile and transportation equipment	567,482	2.30%	221,976	0.36%	186,043	1.22%	
Electronics and electrical appliances	-	0.00%	14,805,424	23.98%	145,961	0.96%	
Tobacco	1,001,779	4.10%	28,770	0.05%	13,618	0.09%	
Power (electricity), Gas, Water, Sanitary	1,119,270	4.58%	4,029,207	6.53%	199,569	1.31%	
Wholesale and Retail Trade	9,026	0.04%	355,069	0.58%	200	0.00%	
Transport, storage and communication	9,499,116	38.83%	10,458,778	16.94%	1,573,410	10.33%	
Financial	-	0.00%	1,852,780	3.00%	4,520,528	29.68%	
Individuals	620,416	2.54%	376,176	0.61%	-	0.00%	
Others	1,223,114	5.00%	17,297,546	28.00%	4,850,408	31.85%	
	24,460,487	100.0%	61,742,683	100.0%	15,231,336	100.0%	

41.1.9.2 Segment by sector

8 0			201	.6		
	Advances	(Gross)	Depo	sits	Contingent liabilities*	
	(Rupees in '000)	Percent	(Rupees in '000)	Percent	(Rupees in '000)	Percent
Public / Government	-	0.00%	18,372	0.02%	1,000	0.01%
Private	24,288,475	100.00%	75,058,012	99.98%	11,227,376	99.99%
	24,288,475	100.00%	75,076,384	100.0%	11,228,376	100.00%

		201	15		
Advances	s (Gross)	Depo	osits	Contingent	liabilities*
(Rupees in '000)	Percent	(Rupees in '000)	Percent	(Rupees in '000)	Percent

Public / Government	10,581	0.04%	476,027	0.77%	1,000	0.01%
Private	24,449,906	99.96%	61,266,656	99.23%	15,230,336	99.99%
	24,460,487	100.0%	61,742,683	100.0%	15,231,336	100.0%

* Contingent liabilities for the purpose of this note includes direct credit substitutes, transaction related contingent liabilities and trade related contingent liabilities.

41.1.9.3 Details of non-performing advances and specific provisions by class of business segment

	2	2016	20)15
	Classified advances	Specific provisions held	Classified advances	Specific provisions held
		(Rupees in '000)		
Textile	1,714,054	1,714,054	1,818,915	1,818,915
Chemicals and pharmaceuticals	61,343	61,343	61,343	61,343
Individuals	152,828	152,828	165,236	165,236
Others	938,526	938,526	1,025,179	1,025,179
	2,866,751	2,866,751	3,070,673	3,070,673
41.1.9.4 Details of non-performing advances and specific provisions by sector				
Public / Government	-	-	-	-
Private	2,866,751	2,866,751	3,070,673	3,070,673
	2,866,751	2,866,751	3,070,673	3,070,673
41.1.9.5 Geographical segment analysis				
		2016		
	Profit before taxation	Total assets employed	Net assets employed	Contingent liabilities*
		(Rupees in '000)		
Pakistan	5,191,429	112,050,384	10,220,178	11,228,376
		2015		
	Profit before taxation	Total assets employed	Net assets	Contingent

			employed	liabilities*
		(Rupees in '000)		
Pakistan	5,659,107	88,643,485	10,766,568	12,231,336

*Contingent liabilities for the purpose of this note includes direct credit substitutes, transaction related contingent liabilities and trade related contingent liabilities.

Total assets employed include intra group items of Rs. 1,474.014 million (2015: Rs.5,481.015 million).

41.2 Market risk

Market risk is the risk of losses arising from fluctuation in the market value of trading and non-trading portfolios. The primary sources of market risk are fluctuation in interest rates and foreign exchange rates.

Market risk is measured in accordance with the Bank's established standards, under which the business is required to establish, with approval from independent market risk management, a market risk limit framework, including risk measures, limits and controls, that clearly defines approved risk profiles and is within the parameters of the Bank's overall risk appetite. In all cases, businesses are ultimately responsible for the market risk they take and for remaining within their defined limits.

The Bank's principal measure of earnings risk to earnings from non-trading portfolios due to interest rate changes is Interest Rate Exposure (IRE). This measures the change in expected Net Interest Revenue from changes in market rates of interest. Market risk in trading portfolios is measured through a complementary set of tools, including factor sensitivities, value-at-risk and stress testing.

The Bank uses the Standardized Approach to calculate capital charge for market risk as per the current regulatory framework under Basel II. This approach covers the Bank's trading portfolios, comprising off-balance sheet transactions including derivatives and securities classified under the trading portfolio.

41.2.1 Foreign exchange risk

Foreign Exchange Risk is the risk of loss resulting from adverse movement in exchange rates. The Bank's principal exchange rate related contracts are forward foreign exchange conducts, cross currency swaps and options. Non traded foreign exchange risk arises through the provision of banking products and services in foreign currency. The objectives of foreign exchange risk management function is to minimise the adverse impact of foreign exchange assets and liabilities mismatch and maximise the earnings observing the limits set by the Bank. Exchange position arising from trading activities are monitored through foreign exchange limits on aggregate and individual basis. Hedging strategies and mark to market valuations are used to mitigate exchange risk resulting from open positions. Overall exchange position risk is maintained in accordance with the regulatory requirements prescribed by the State Bank of Pakistan.

The analysis below represents the concentration of the Bank's foreign currency risk for on and off balance sheet financial instruments.

$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			2016		
United States dollar $4,466,863$ $22.982,001$ $19,010,693$ 495 , Great Britain pound $148,269$ $1,337$ $96,429$ 50 , Japanese yen $407,957$ $454,587$ $58,678$ 12 , Euro $338,285$ $314,445$ $3,145$ 26 , Swiss Francs $12,860$ - - 12 , Other currencies $512,944$ $202,546$ $(727,780)$ $(417, 7, 70)$ Foreign currency exposure $518,87,178$ $23,954,916$ $18,248,307$ 180 , Pakistan rupee $106,163,206$ $77,875,290$ $(18,248,307)$ $(180, -112,050,384)$ $101,830,206$ - - Total currency exposure 2015 $-$ - - - - United States dollar $9,474,075$ $6,839,047$ $(1,653,267)$ 981 , Great Britain pound $177,411$ $9,168$ $(165,360)$ $2,$ United States dollar $9,474,075$ $6,839,047$ $(1,653,267)$ 981 , Great Britain pound $177,411$ $9,168$ $(165,360)$ $2,$ Japanese yen		Assets	Liabilities *		Net foreign currency exposure
Great Britain pound 148,269 1,337 (96,429) 50, Japanese yen 407,957 454,587 58,678 12, Euro 338,285 314,445 3,145 26, Swiss Francs 12,860 - - 12, Other currencies 512,944 202,546 (727,780) (417, Foreign currency exposure 5,887,178 23,954,916 18,248,307 180, Pakistan rupee 106,163,206 77,875,290 (18,248,307) (180, Total currency exposure 112,050,384 101,830,206 - - United States dollar 9,474,075 6,839,047 (1,653,267) 981, Great Britain pound 177,411 9,168 (165,360) 2, Japanese yen 90,755 1 (82,679) 8, Euro 144,271 148,908 5,321 - Other currencies 488,631 328,639 (497,114) (337,			(Rupees in '000)		-
Great Britain pound $148,269$ $1,337$ $(96,429)$ $50,$ Japanese yen $407,957$ $454,587$ $58,678$ $12,$ Euro $338,285$ $314,445$ $3,145$ $26,$ Swiss Francs $12,860$ - - $12,$ Other currencies $512,944$ $202,546$ $(727,780)$ $(417,$ Foreign currency exposure $5,887,178$ $23,954,916$ $18,248,307$ $180,$ Pakistan rupee $106,163,206$ $77,875,290$ $(18,248,307)$ $(180,$ Total currency exposure $12,050,384$ $101,830,206$ - - United States dollar $9,474,075$ $6,839,047$ $(1,653,267)$ $981,$ Great Britain pound $177,411$ $9,168$ $(165,360)$ $2,$ Japanese yen $90,755$ 1 $(82,679)$ $8,$ Euro $144,271$ $148,908$ $5,321$ 5321 Other currencies $448,631$ $328,639$ $(497,114)$ $(337, 7, 91, 91, 91, 91, 91, 91, 91, 91, 91, 91$	United States dollar	4,466,863	22,982,001	19,010,693	495,555
Japanese yen $407,957$ $454,587$ $58,678$ $12,$ Euro $338,285$ $314,445$ $3,145$ $26,$ Swiss Francs $12,860$ $12,$ Other currencies $512,944$ $202,546$ $(727,780)$ $(417,$ Foreign currency exposure $5,887,178$ $23,954,916$ $18,248,307$ $180,$ Pakistan rupee $106,163,206$ $77,875,290$ $(18,248,307)$ $(180,$ Total currency exposure $112,050,384$ $101,830,206$ 2015AssetsLiabilities *Off-balance sheet itemsNet forei currenc exposureUnited States dollar $9,474,075$ $6,839,047$ $(1,653,267)$ $981,$ Great Britain pound $177,411$ $9,168$ $(165,360)$ $2,$ Japanese yen $90,755$ 1 $(82,679)$ $8,$ Euro $144,271$ $148,908$ $5,321$ $5,321$ Other currencies $488,631$ $328,639$ $(497,114)$ $(337,$	Great Britain pound		· · ·	· · ·	50,503
Euro 338,285 314,445 3,145 26, Swiss Francs 12,860 - 12, Other currencies 512,944 202,546 $(727,780)$ $(417,$ Foreign currency exposure 5,887,178 23,954,916 18,248,307 180, Pakistan rupee 106,163,206 77,875,290 $(18,248,307)$ $(180,$ Total currency exposure 112,050,384 101,830,206 - - 2015 - - - - - Vinted States dollar 9,474,075 6,839,047 $(1,653,267)$ 981, Great Britain pound 177,411 9,168 $(165,360)$ 2, Japanese yen 90,755 1 $(82,679)$ 8, Euro 144,271 148,908 5,321 - Swiss francs 14,723 - $(1,965)$ 12, Other currencies 488,631 328,639 $(497,114)$ $(337,$,	. , ,	12,048
Other currencies $512,944$ $202,546$ $(727,780)$ $(417, 780)$ Foreign currency exposure $5,887,178$ $23,954,916$ $18,248,307$ $180, 780, 780, 780, 780, 780, 780, 780, 7$		338,285		3,145	26,985
Foreign currency exposure $5,887,178$ $23,954,916$ $18,248,307$ 180 , Pakistan rupee Total currency exposure $106,163,206$ $77,875,290$ $(18,248,307)$ $(180,$ 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015 862	Swiss Francs	12,860	-	-	12,860
Pakistan rupee Total currency exposure $106,163,206$ $77,875,290$ $(18,248,307)$ $(180,75)$ 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015 $112,050,384$ $101,830,206$ $ -$ <td>Other currencies</td> <td>512,944</td> <td>202,546</td> <td>(727,780)</td> <td>(417,382)</td>	Other currencies	512,944	202,546	(727,780)	(417,382)
Total currency exposure $112,050,384$ $101,830,206$ - 2015 2015 Assets Liabilities * Off-balance sheet items Net forei sheet items united States dollar 9,474,075 6,839,047 (1,653,267) 981, Great Britain pound 177,411 9,168 (165,360) 2, Japanese yen 90,755 1 (82,679) 8, Euro 144,271 148,908 5,321 9 Swiss francs 14,723 - (1,965) 12, Other currencies 488,631 328,639 (497,114) (337,	Foreign currency exposure	5,887,178	23,954,916	18,248,307	180,569
Total currency exposure $112,050,384$ $101,830,206$ - 2015 2015 Assets Liabilities * Off-balance sheet items Net forei sheet items United States dollar 9,474,075 6,839,047 (1,653,267) 981, Great Britain pound 177,411 9,168 (165,360) 2, Japanese yen 90,755 1 (82,679) 8, Euro 144,271 148,908 5,321 9 Swiss francs 14,723 - (1,965) 12, Other currencies 488,631 328,639 (497,114) (337,	Pakistan rupee	106,163,206	77,875,290	(18,248,307)	(180,569)
Assets Liabilities * Off-balance sheet items Net forei currenc exposur United States dollar 9,474,075 6,839,047 (1,653,267) 981,7 Great Britain pound 177,411 9,168 (165,360) 2,7 Japanese yen 90,755 1 (82,679) 8,8 Euro 144,271 148,908 5,321 Swiss francs 14,723 - (1,965) 12, Other currencies 488,631 328,639 (497,114) (337,	•	112,050,384	101,830,206		
sheet items currence exposure United States dollar 9,474,075 6,839,047 (1,653,267) 981,7 Great Britain pound 177,411 9,168 (165,360) 2,7 Japanese yen 90,755 1 (82,679) 8,8 Euro 144,271 148,908 5,321 9 Swiss francs 14,723 - (1,965) 12,7 Other currencies 488,631 328,639 (497,114) (337,7)			2015		
United States dollar9,474,0756,839,047(1,653,267)981,7Great Britain pound177,4119,168(165,360)2,7Japanese yen90,7551(82,679)8,8Euro144,271148,9085,3219Swiss francs14,723-(1,965)12,7Other currencies488,631328,639(497,114)(337,7		Assets	Liabilities *	Off-balance	Net foreign
United States dollar $9,474,075$ $6,839,047$ $(1,653,267)$ $981,7$ Great Britain pound $177,411$ $9,168$ $(165,360)$ $2,7$ Japanese yen $90,755$ 1 $(82,679)$ $8,7$ Euro $144,271$ $148,908$ $5,321$ $75,5321$ Swiss francs $14,723$ - $(1,965)$ $12,7$ Other currencies $488,631$ $328,639$ $(497,114)$ $(337,7)$				sheet items	currency
Great Britain pound177,4119,168(165,360)2,7Japanese yen90,7551(82,679)8,7Euro144,271148,9085,3217Swiss francs14,723-(1,965)12,7Other currencies488,631328,639(497,114)(337,7)			(Rupees in '000)		*
Great Britain pound177,4119,168(165,360)2,7Japanese yen90,7551(82,679)8,7Euro144,271148,9085,3217Swiss francs14,723-(1,965)12,7Other currencies488,631328,639(497,114)(337,7)	United States dollar	9 474 075	6 839 047	(1 653 267)	981,761
Japanese yen90,7551(82,679)8,Euro144,271148,9085,321Swiss francs14,723-(1,965)12,Other currencies488,631328,639(497,114)(337,					2,883
Euro144,271148,9085,321Swiss francs14,723-(1,965)12,Other currencies488,631328,639(497,114)(337,	*	-	1		8,075
Swiss francs14,723-(1,965)12,Other currencies488,631328,639(497,114)(337,			148,908	,	684
Other currencies 488,631 328,639 (497,114) (337,		-			12,758
Foreign currency exposure10,389,8667,325,763(2,395,064)669,	Other currencies	488,631	328,639	,	(337,122)
	Foreign currency exposure				669,039
Pakistan rupee 78,253,619 70,551,154 2,395,064 (669,	Pakistan rupee	78,253,619	70,551,154	2,395,064	(669,039)
Total currency exposure 88,643,485 77,876,917 -	*		77,876,917		-

* Includes head office capital account, unremitted profit and deficit on revaluation of assets in Pakistan Rupees.

41.2.2 Equity position risk

The risk arising from taking long or short positions, in the trading book, in the equities and all instruments that exhibit market behaviour similar to equities. The Bank does not maintain equity trading portfolio.

41.2.3 Mismatch of Interest Rate Sensitive Assets and Liabilities

Yield risk is the risk of decline in earnings due to adverse movement of the yield curve.

Interest rate risk is the risk that value of the financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates. Sensitivity to the interest rate risk arises from mismatches of financial assets and liabilities and off-balance sheet financial instruments that mature or reprice in a given period. The Bank manages these mismatches through risk management strategies where significant changes in gap positions can be adjusted.

The position for on-balance sheet financial instruments is based on the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity date. The position for off-balance sheet financial instruments is based on settlement dates.

dates.						201	6					
	Effective	Effective Total Exposed to Yield / Interest risk								Non-interest		
	yield / interest rate %		Upto 1 month	Over 1 to 3 months	Over 3 to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 year	Over 1 to 2 years	Over 2 to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 years	Over 5 to 10 years	Above 10 years	bearing financial instruments
						(F	Rupees in '000)					-
On-balance sheet financial instruments												
Assets												
Cash and balances with treasury banks	- [5,480,867	920,466	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,560,401
Balances with other banks	-	1,542,895	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,542,895
Lending to financial institutions	5.83%	13,325,003	13,325,003	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	6.69%	66,676,243	8,068,010	16,163,332	1,947,058	26,531,203	13,598,410	368,230	-	-	-	-
Advances	7.44%	21,421,510	18,094,200	1,421,247	337,118	301,802	603,439	308,685	25,343	57,353	235,572	36,751
Other assets	-	1,974,689	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,974,689
	L	110,421,207	40,407,679	17,584,579	2,284,176	26,833,005	14,201,849	676,915	25,343	57,353	235,572	8,114,736
Liabilities												
Bills payable	- [2,524,303	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,524,303
Borrowings from financial institutions	1.52%	18,394,904	18,304,738	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90,166
Deposits and other accounts	3.73%	75,076,382	56,493,652	2,172,832	4,242,000	5,000	-	-	8,000	-	-	12,154,898
Other liabilities	-	5,818,171	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,818,171
	L	101,813,760	74,798,390	2,172,832	4,242,000	5,000	-	-	8,000	-	-	20,587,538
On-balance sheet gap	-	8,607,447	(34,390,711)	15,411,747	(1,957,824)	26,828,005	14,201,849	676,915	17,343	57,353	235,572	(12,472,802)
Off-balance sheet financial instruments												
Forward exchange contracts - purchase	Г	121,436,578	61,475,297	40,755,556	19,205,725	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward exchange contracts - sale		103,510,839	56,839,234	31,360,608	15,194,199	116,798	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest rate swaps - long position		5,961,225		-	61,225	-	-	5,900,000	-	-	-	-
Interest rate swaps - short position		(5,961,225)	-	-	(61,225)	-	-	(5,900,000)	-	-	-	-
Forward currency options - long position		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward currency options - short position		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet gap	L	224,947,417	118,314,531	72,116,164	34,399,924	116,798	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Yield / Interest Risk Sensitivity Ga		233,554,864	83,923,820	87,527,911	32,442,100	26,944,803	14,201,849	676,915	17,343	57,353	235,572	(12,472,802)
Cumulative Yield / Interest Risk Sensitiv	rity Gap		83,923,820	171,451,731	203,893,831	230,838,634	245,040,483	245,717,398	245,734,741	245,792,094	246,027,666	233,554,864
		m 1				201						Num
	Effective yield / interest rate	Total	Hate 1 and 1	0	0	-	d to Yield / Inter		0	0	A1	Non-interest bearing
	%		Upto 1 month	Over 1 to 3 months	Over 3 to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 year	Over 1 to 2 years	Over 2 to 3 years	Over 3 to 5 years	Over 5 to 10 years	Above 10 years	financial

On-balance sheet financial instruments

Assets 4,809,308 754,135 4,055,172 Cash and balances with treasury banks ---------Balances with other banks 0.18% 704,912 704,912 ---------Lending to financial institutions 6.92% 8,464,057 8,464,057 ---------48,585,117 3,347,646 8,975,105 795,729 8,992,210 18,240,740 5,968,007 8.22% 2,265,680 Investments ---241 060 Advances 8 74% 21.389.597 15 000 787 479 528 5 377 267 13 577 26,110 20.952 28.495 50 333 43 488

------ (Rupees in '000) ------

instruments

Advances	8.74%	21,389,597	15,099,787	479,528	5,377,267	13,577	26,110	20,952	28,495	59,333	241,060	43,488
Other assets	-	2,493,511	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,493,511
		86,446,502	27,665,625	9,454,633	6,172,996	9,005,787	2,291,790	18,261,692	5,996,502	59,333	241,060	7,297,083
Liabilities												
Bills payable	-	1,766,257	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,766,257
Borrowings from financial institutions	2.36%	7,003,479	7,003,479	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits and other accounts	3.88%	61,742,683	45,126,462	5,493,439	308,500	5,000	-	-	8,000	-	-	10,801,282
Other liabilities	-	7,336,881	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,336,881
		77,849,300	52,129,941	5,493,439	308,500	5,000	-	-	8,000	-	-	19,904,420
On-balance sheet gap		8,597,202	(24,464,316)	3,961,194	5,864,496	9,000,787	2,291,790	18,261,692	5,988,502	59,333	241,060	(12,607,337)
Off-balance sheet financial instruments												
Forward exchange contracts - purchase		99,992,028	64,713,272	31,802,311	3,476,445	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward exchange contracts - sale		(102,542,917)	(55,768,602)	(37,532,496)	(6,880,559)	(2,361,260)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest rate swaps - long position		6,083,675	-	-	-	-	183,675	-	5,900,000	-	-	-
Interest rate swaps - short position		(6,083,675)	-	-	-	-	(183,675)	-	(5,900,000)	-	-	-
Forward currency options - long position		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forward currency options - short position		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet gap		(2,550,889)	8,944,670	(5,730,185)	(3,404,114)	(2,361,260)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Yield / Interest Risk Sensitivity Gap		6,046,313	(15,519,646)	(1,768,991)	2,460,382	6,639,527	2,291,790	18,261,692	5,988,502	59,333	241,060	(12,607,337)
	~				(1.1.000.05-	(0.400	(7.004.070)	10.044.85	10.050.05	10 110 505	10 170 110	
Cumulative Yield / Interest Risk Sensitivity	Gap	-	(15,519,646)	(17,288,637)	(14,828,255)	(8,188,728)	(5,896,938)	12,364,754	18,353,256	18,412,589	18,653,649	6,046,312

41.2.4	Reconciliation of assets and liabilities exposed to Yield / Interest Rate risk with total assets and liabilities	2016 (Rupees in '	2015 000)
	Total financial assets as per note 41.2.3	110,421,207	86,446,502
	Add: Non financial assets	-	00,440,502
	Operating fixed assets	579,296	458,331
	Deferred tax asset	133,999	201,088
	Other assets	915,882	1,537,564
	Total assets as per statement of financial position	112,050,384	88,643,485
	Total liabilities as per note 41.2.3 Add: Non financial liabilities	101,813,760	77,849,300
	Other liabilities	16,443	27,617
	Total liabilities as per statement of financial position	101,830,203	77,876,917

41.3 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the potential for loss to the Bank arising from either its inability to meet its obligations or to fund increases in assets as they fall due without incurring any un acceptable losses.

A uniform liquidity risk management policy exists for the Bank, under which there is a single set of standards for the measurement of liquidity risk. Management of liquidity is performed on a daily basis by the Treasurer and is monitored by independent risk management with oversight by Country Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO). The objective of ALCO is to monitor and review the overall liquidity and balance sheet positions of the bank.

An annual funding and liquidity plan is approved by ALCO and independent risk management team. The plan includes analysis of the balance sheet, as well as the economic and business conditions impacting the liquidity of the bank. As part of the plan, liquidity limits, ratios and triggers are established and approved.

41.3.1 Maturities of Assets and Liabilities - Based on contractual maturity of the assets and liabilities of the Bank

						2016				
	Total	Upto 1 month	Over 1 to 3	Over 3 to 6	Over 6	Over 1 to 2	Over 2 to 3	Over 3 to 5	Over 5 to 10 years	Above 10
			months	months	months to 1	years	years	years		years
					year					
					(Rup	ees in '000)				
Assets										
	5 490 967	5 150 975	108,642	212,100	250				Г	
Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks	5,480,867	5,159,875	100,042	212,100	250	-	-	-	-	-
	1,542,895	1,542,895	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lendings to financial institutions	13,325,003	13,325,003	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	66,676,243	8,068,010	16,163,332	1,947,058	26,531,203	13,598,410	368,230	-	-	-
Advances	21,421,510	18,095,118	1,423,081	339,870	307,307	613,801	316,721	32,688	57,353	235,572
Operating fixed assets	579,296	12,558	77,980	39,176	61,848	111,037	86,660	102,037	76,032	11,968
Deferred tax assets	133,999	2,233	4,467	6,700	13,400	26,800	26,800	53,599	-	-
Other assets	2,890,571	906,761	981,941	410,951	461,065	-	129,853	-	-	-
	112,050,384	47,112,453	18,759,443	2,955,855	27,375,073	14,350,048	928,264	188,324	133,385	247,540
Liabilities										
Bills payable	2,524,303	2,524,303	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Borrowings from financial institutions	18,394,904	18,394,904	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Deposits and other accounts *	75,076,382	68,648,548	2,172,834	4,242,000	5,000	-	-	8,000	-	-
Other liabilities	5,834,617	3,623,552	421,287	366,938	1,422,840	-	-	-	-	-
	101,830,206	93,191,307	2,594,121	4,608,938	1,427,840	-	-	8,000	-	-
Net assets	10,220,178	(46,078,854)	16,165,322	(1,653,083)	25,947,233	14,350,048	928,264	180,324	133,385	247,540

Represented by:	
Head office capital account	6,812,671
Reserves	168,704
Unremitted profit	3,174,345
Deficit on revaluation of securities - net	64,458
	10,220,178

	2015									
	Total	Upto 1 month	Over 1 to 3	Over 3 to 6	Over 6	Over 1 to 2	Over 2 to 3	Over 3 to 5	Over 5 to 10 years	Above 10
			months	months	months to 1	years	years	years		years
					year					
					(Rup	pees in '000)				
Assets									,,	
Cash and balances with treasury banks	4,809,308	4,518,961	274,672	15,425	250	-	-	-	-	-
Balances with other banks	704,912	704,912	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lendings to financial institutions	8,464,057	8,464,057	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	48,585,117	3,347,646	8,975,105	795,729	8,992,210	2,265,680	18,240,740	5,968,007	-	-
Advances	21,389,597	18,064,193	856,033	316,673	307,209	613,374	606,910	324,812	59,333	241,061
Operating fixed assets	458,331	21,959	15,247	22,367	44,507	55,171	43,089	48,697	41,974	165,320
Deferred tax assets	201,088	-	-	-	-	-	-	201,087	-	-
Other assets	4,031,075	1,074,144	1,577,207	337,344	581,847	383,860	-	76,673	-	-
	88,643,485	36,195,872	11,698,264	1,487,538	9,926,023	3,318,085	18,890,739	6,619,276	101,307	406,381
Liabilities									· · · · · ·	
Bills payable	1,766,257	1,766,257	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings from financial institutions	7,003,479	7,003,479	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits and other accounts *	61,742,683	55,927,744	5,493,439	308,500	5,000	-	-	8,000	-	-
Other liabilities	7,364,498	5,310,979	414,065	314,011	1,323,957	1,486	-	-	-	-
	77,876,917	70,008,459	5,907,504	622,511	1,328,957	1,486	-	8,000	-	-
Net assets	10,766,568	(33,812,587)	5,790,760	865,027	8,597,066	3,316,599	18,890,739	6,611,276	101,307	406,381
Represented by:	< 010 (7 1									
Head office capital account	6,812,671									
Reserves	164,791									
Unremitted profit	3,602,788									
Surplus on revaluation of securities - net	186,318									
	10,766,568									

* Includes saving deposits which have been classified as maturing up to one month. However they are not expected to fall materially below their current level.

41.3.2 Maturities of Assets and Liabilities - Based on expected maturity of the assets and liabilities of the Bank

						2016				
	Total	Upto 1 month	Over 1 to 3	Over 3 to 6	Over 6	Over 1 to 2	Over 2 to 3	Over 3 to 5	Over 5 to 10 years	Above 10
			months	months	months to 1	years	years	years		years
					year	• 1000				
					(Kuj	pees in '000)				
Assets										
Cash and balances with treasury banks	5,480,867	5,159,875	108,642	212,100	250	-	-	-	-	-
Balances with other banks	1,542,895	1,542,895	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lendings to financial institutions	13,325,003	13,325,003	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	66,676,243	8,068,010	16,163,332	1,947,058	26,531,203	13,598,410	368,230	-	-	-
Advances	21,421,510	18,095,116	1,423,081	339,870	307,307	613,801	316,721	32,688	57,353	235,573
Operating fixed assets	579,296	12,558	77,980	39,176	61,848	111,037	86,660	102,037	76,032	11,968
Deferred tax assets	133,999	2,233	4,467	6,700	13,400	26,800	26,800	53,599	-	-
Other assets	2,890,571	906,761	981,941	410,951	461,065	-	129,853	-	-	-
	112,050,384	47,112,451	18,759,443	2,955,855	27,375,073	14,350,048	928,264	188,324	133,385	247,541
Liabilities										
Bills payable	2,524,303	2,524,303	-	_	-	-	_	-		_
Borrowings from financial institutions	18,394,904	18,394,904	_	_	_		_	_	_	_
Deposits and other accounts	75,076,382	15,184,171	2,172,834	4,242,000	5,000		-	53,472,377		-
Other liabilities	5,834,617	3,623,550	421,289	366,938	1,422,840	_				-
Oner habilities	101,830,206	39,726,928	2,594,123	4,608,938	1,427,840	-	-	53,472,377	-	-
Net assets	10,220,178	7,385,523	16,165,320	(1,653,083)	25,947,233	14,350,048	928,264	(53,284,053)	133,385	247,541
Inel assels	10,220,178	1,303,323	10,103,320	(1,033,003)	23,747,233	14,330,040	720,204	(33,204,033)	155,505	247,341
Represented by:										
Head office capital account	6,812,671									
Reserves	168,704									
Unremitted profit	3,174,345									
Deficit on revaluation of securities - net	64,458									
Denent on revuluation of securities net	10,220,178	-								
	10,220,110	=								
			<u> </u>	0.0.0		2015				
	Total	Upto 1 month	Over 1 to 3	Over 3 to 6	Over 6	Over 1 to 2	Over 2 to 3	Over 3 to 5	Over 5 to 10 years	Above 10
			months	months	months to 1 year	years	years	years		years
					-	. 1000				
					(Ruj	pees in '000)				
Assets		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Cash and balances with treasury banks	4,809,308	4,518,961	274,672	15,425	250	-	-	-	-	-
Balances with other banks	704,912	704,912	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lendings to financial institutions	8,464,057	8,464,057	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments	48,585,117	3,347,646	8,975,105	795,729	8,992,210	2,265,680	18,240,740	5,968,007	-	-
Advances	21,389,597	5,030,281	856,033	316,673	307,209	613,374	606,910	13,358,724	59,333	241,061
Operating fixed assets	458,331	21,959	15,247	22,367	44,507	55,171	43,089	48,697	41,974	165,320
Deferred tax assets	201,088	-	-	-	-	-	-	201,087	-	-
Other assets	4,031,075	1,074,144	1,577,207	337,344	581,847	383,860	-	76,673	-	-
	00 612 105	22 161 060	11 (09)(1	1 407 520	0.026.022	2 210 005	10 000 720	10 652 100	101 207	106 201

Liabilities

Bills payable	1,766,257	1,766,257	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Borrowings from financial institutions	7,003,479	7,003,479	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits and other accounts	61,742,683	23,483,247	5,493,439	308,500	5,000	-	-	32,452,497	-	-	
Other liabilities	7,364,498	5,310,979	414,065	314,011	1,323,957	1,486	-	-	-	-	
	77,876,917	37,563,962	5,907,504	622,511	1,328,957	1,486	-	32,452,497	-	-	-
											_
Net assets	10,766,568	(14,402,002)	5,790,760	865,027	8,597,066	3,316,599	18,890,739	(12,799,309)	101,307	406,381	_
											-
Represented by:											

9,926,023

1,487,538

3,318,085

18,890,739

19,653,188

101,307

406,381

Head office capital account	6,812,671
Reserves	164,791
Unremitted profit	3,602,788
Deficit on revaluation of securities - net	186,318
	10,766,568

88,643,485

23,161,960

11,698,264

41.3.3 The Bank has assets and liabilities that have contractual and non-contractual maturities. The Bank conducts statistical studies to assess the expected maturity of assets and liabilities with non-contractual maturities. The Bank uses this methodology on such assets and liabilities to determine the core portion which is stable and constantly appears on the balance sheet and the non-core portion that is relatively volatile. The behavioral maturities of demand deposits, bills payable and running finance is determined on such basis based on the past three years data. Consumer assets categorised as held for sale has been classified in short term buckets. The maturity buckets have been adjusted accordingly where the non-contractual assets and liabilities are highly probable to deviate from its maturities worked out based on statistical models.

41.4 Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people or systems, or from external events. Operational risk is inherent in the Bank's activities and as with other risk types is managed through an overall framework with checks and balances that include recognised ownership of the risk by the businesses, independent risk management oversight and independent review by corporate audit. The operational risk policy codifies the core governing principles for operational risk management and provides a framework for operational risk. In accordance with the policy, each business area is responsible to identify its key operational risks as well as the controls established to mitigate those risks and to ensure compliance with laws, regulatory administrative actions and the Bank's policies.

The operational risk policy and its requirements facilitate the effective communication of operational risks both within and across businesses. Information about the businesses' operational risk, historical losses and the control environment is reported by each major business segment and functional area and summarised for senior management.

The Bank has created a strategic framework for information security technology initiatives and has implemented enhancements to various Information Security programs across it business covering Risk Management, Security Incident Response and Electronic Transportable Media. The Bank also implemented tools to increase the effectiveness of its data protection and entitlement management programs.

The business continuity program provides risk analysis and robust support for business resiliency. The office of Business Continuity, with the support of the senior management continued to coordinate preparedness and mitigate business continuity risks by reviewing and testing recovery procedures.

42 DATE OF AUTHORISATION

These financial statements were authorised for issue on ______ by the management of the Bank.

43 GENERAL

- **43.1** Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupees.
- **43.2** Corresponding figures have been re-classified, re-arranged or additionally incorporated in these financial statements, wherever necessary to facilitate comparison and to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

NADEEM LODHI Managing Director and Citi Country Officer GULZEB KHAN Chief Financial Officer

Citibank, N.A. - Pakistan Branches (Incorporated in the U.S.A. The Liability of Members Being Limited) Statement Showing Written Off Loans Or Any Other Financial Relief Of Five Hundred Thousand Rupees Or Above Provided During The Year 2016

Rs. In '000

ANNEXURE I

				Outstan	ding Liabilitie	s at beginning	g of year			Other		
S. No.	Name	and address of the borrower	Name of individuals/ partners/ directors (with NIC No.)	Father's / Husband's name	Principal Interest/ Mark-up		Others Total		Principal written-off	Interest/ Mark-up written-off	Other financial relief provided	Total
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
1		30 K.M, MAIN FEROZEPUR ROAD, LAHORE	MUHAMMED ASHRAF MEHMOOD/35202- 0813038-1 ZAHRA ASHRAF/35202-4447870-2	SULTAN MUHAMMAD MUHAMMED ASHRAF	81,412	158,955	-	240,367	66,412	162,970	-	229,382
2	PACKAGES	8-K.M, SUNDAR RAIWIND ROAD, NEAR MAIN GATE, SUNDAR INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, LAHORE	AHMED FAWAD RASHID / 42201-2883985-1 AHMED HAMAD RASHID / 35201-7192328-1 AHMED JAWAD RASHID / 33100-6337472-9 MOHAMMED ADEEL AISH / 33100-0619343-5 WASEEM HAIDER / 33102-1798088-3 YASSER MASOOD / 35202-0401999-3	MOHAMMED SADIQ MOHAMMED SADIQ MOHAMMED SADIQ MOHAMMED AISH MUHAMMAD SIDDIQUE AKBAR MUHAMMAD MASOOD	51,647	144,802	-	196,449	51,647	146,348	-	197,995
3		PLOT 4 PAF BASE MAIN SHAHRAH- E-FAISAL KARACHI	FAISAL AKIF/ 42301-5774922-9	MUHAMMED MEMON	271	2,484	1,400	4,155		3,873	-	3,873
4	ZULFIQAR AHMED	HOUSE # 350-351/2 SURVEY NO. 302, JAFFAR BAGH MODEL COLONY, KARACHI	SHAHZAD ZULFIQAR AHMED / 42201-04048213	MUHAMMAD ZULFIQAR	2,050	1,402		3,452		1,402	-	1,402
5	MUHAMMAD	HOUSE # 8-C, SUNSET STREET PHASE-II DHA KARACHI	MUHAMMAD KHALID RAZA / 42000-05346775	ALI RAZA	6,406	5,460		11,866	885	5,460	-	6,345
6	ASLAM	FLAT # A-404, 4TH FLOOR YASIR HEIGHTS, PLOT # SB-15 NORTH NAZIMABAD, KARACHI	MUHAMMAD ASLAM SIDDIQUI / 42101-11429743	MUHAMMAD YASIN	1,626	1,291		2,917	295	1,291	-	1,586

Citibank, N.A. - Pakistan Branches (Incorporated in the U.S.A. The Liability of Members Being Limited) Disposal Of Fixed Assets *During The Year Ended 31 December 2016*

Details of disposal of fixed assets having cost of more than Rs. 1,000,000 and net book value of Rs. 250,000 or above

Description	Cost	Book value	Sale proceeds	Mode of disposal	Particulars of purchasers
	(Ru	pees in '00)0)		
Furniture and fixture					
	18,153	-	1,536	AUCTION	M AHSAN & BROTHERS
	18,153	-	1,536		
Vehicles					
	1,889	315	378	Term of Employment	NADEEM LODHI
	5,725	668	763	Term of Employment	
	7,614	983	1,141		
tems having book value of less than Rs. 250,000 or cost of less than Rs. 1,000,000	54,669	187	2,398		
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